U.S. Chart No. 1

Symbols, Abbreviations and Terms used on Paper and Electronic Navigational Charts

12th Edition April 15, 2013

Prepared Jointly by

Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Department of Defense National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency

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New in Edition 12: ECDIS Symbols and Other ECDIS Information

Symbology for displaying Electronic Navigational Charts (ENCs) on an Electronic Chart Display and Information System (ECDIS) has been added to U.S. Chart No. 1. See the Preface and Introduction sections for more details.

In addition to the ECDIS symbols shown in the traditional lettered sections of U.S. Chart No. 1, there are now several special pages devoted exclusively to providing important details about ECDIS. These pages are distinguished by the ECDIS icon, as shown in the top left corner of this page. The ECDIS pages are also listed in the table of contents in italic type.

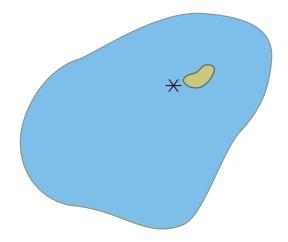


One major difference in the use of paper charts and ENCs is the ability of ECDIS to display the same feature differently depending on user settings and other conditions, such as a ship's draft. An important example is that ECDIS displays wrecks, rocks and other obstructions with their traditional "paper-chart" symbols if they are at or deeper than the depth of the safety contour set for the ship. Dangers that are shoaler are portrayed with the unique ECDIS "isolated danger" symbol shown at left. (See the ECDIS Portrayal of Depths page for more information about the ECDIS safety contour.)



Another advantage that ECDIS provides over paper charts is enabling users to obtain more information about a feature through a "cursor pick." Some feature attribute values that can be obtained by cursor pick are noted throughout U.S. Chart No. 1. This is especially true if a particular value, such as height, vertical clearance or the like is included in the INT symbol description. The cursor pick icon, shown at left, is used to indicate when a reference to a cursor pick is made.

There are many other attribute values that users may obtain through a cursor pick that are not specifically noted. These include, but are not limited to, the purpose, seasonality, periodicity, status, color, height, type of structure and the visual or radar conspicuousness of features; shape, color or color pattern of buoys; characteristics of lights; category of obstructions and wrecks; radar wave length, radio frequency, communication channel and call signs; the presence of AIS transmitted signals; information regarding pilotage services and many more.



No man is an island and no single reference document stands on its own. U.S. Chart No. 1 is a handy guide for ECDIS users, but it is no substitute for mandated ECDIS training.

The ECDIS user and developer communities are invited to help improve the presentation of ECDIS symbology and information in U.S. Chart No. 1. We want to know what you think works well, which parts are a little rocky, and what additional information you would like to have included in the next edition of U.S. Chart No. 1.

Please send any recommendations or corrections to:

USChart1@noaa.gov

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National Ocean Service, NOAA (N/CS2) Attention: U.S. Chart No. 1 1315 East West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20912-3282

SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS

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PREFACE

Presentation of Two Symbology Sets

This edition of U.S. Chart No. 1 has a new name and a new look. Its title is now *Symbols, Abbreviations and Terms used on Paper and Electronic Navigational Charts*. For the first time, U.S. Chart No. 1 presents both of the major symbology sets used for marine navigation.

As in previous editions, the symbols used on paper nautical charts produced by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA) and digital raster representations of those charts, such as NOAA Raster Nautical Charts (NOAA RNCs®), are presented in lettered sections organized in categories, such as Landmarks, Depths, and Lights. New in this edition is the inclusion of the corresponding symbols used to portray Electronic Navigational Chart (ENC) data on Electronic Chart Display and Information Systems (ECDIS) as specified by the International Hydrographic Organization (IHO).

Other Non-ECDIS Digital Displays May Portray Data Differently

Navigation systems certified to meet the exacting performance standards established by the International Maritime Organization (IMO) are said to be ECDIS "type approved." The symbology used to display ENCs or other non-ENC nautical navigational data on non-ECDIS systems, such as geographic information systems, recreational GPS and other chart display systems can differ significantly from the symbology specified for ECDIS type approved systems. U.S. Chart No. 1 only shows the symbology used on ECDIS.

INTRODUCTION

New Column Headers

The orientation of this edition of U.S. Chart No. 1 has been rotated 90° into a landscape format to allow two additional columns to be added to the right side of the page. These columns hold the ECDIS symbols corresponding to the paper chart symbols shown on the left side.

"INT 1" symbols, as specified in the *Regulations of the IHO for International (INT) Charts and Chart Specifications of the IHO,* appear in the second column from the left, after the symbol number. Any variations from INT 1 symbology that are used on charts produced by NOAA or NGA are shown in the NOAA, NGA and the "Other NGA" columns (columns 4a, 4b, and 5 respectively).

ECDIS symbols and their descriptions are shown in columns 6 and 7 respectively. The ECDIS description usually provides the generic symbol name given in the *IHO Specifications for Chart Content and Display Aspects of ECDIS*, although sometimes other clarifying terms are also provided in column 7. The ECDIS symbols shown use the day color palette (see page 9).

When columns 4a and 4b are combined, this indicates that NOAA and NGA both use the same non-INT 1 symbol for that particular feature. When any of columns 4a, 4b, or 5 are blank, then the INT 1 symbol has been adopted for use by the organization for which that column applies.

The schematic layout following this introduction shows a typical symbol table page. It provides details about the table headers and the types of information presented in each of the columns.

Sample Chart Layouts

Section A presents two schematics showing typical layouts of the major elements of NOAA and NGA charts.

INFORMATION ON SELECTED CHART FEATURES

Soundings

The sounding datum reference is stated in the chart title. Soundings on NOAA and NGA charts may be shown in fathoms, feet, fathoms and feet, fathoms and fractions, or meters and decimeters. In all cases the unit of depth used is shown in the chart title and outside the border of the chart in bold type (see item b in Section A). For ECDIS, the sounding datum is part of the ENC metadata, which can be retrieved through a cursor inquiry.

Heights

Heights of lights, landmarks, structures, etc. refer to the shoreline plane of reference. The unit of height is shown in the chart title. When the elevations of islets or bare rocks are offset into the adjacent water, they are shown in parentheses. For ECDIS, the unit of height is meters.

Drying Heights

For rocks and banks that cover and uncover, elevations are underlined and are referenced to the sounding datum as stated in the chart title (or in the ENC metadata). When the heights of rocks that cover and uncover are offset into the adjacent water, they are shown in parentheses.

Shoreline

Shoreline shown on charts represents the line of contact between the land and a selected water elevation. In areas affected by tidal fluctuation, this line of contact is usually the mean high water line. In confined coastal waters of diminished tidal influence, a mean water level may be used. The shoreline of interior waters (rivers, lakes) is usually a line representing a specified elevation above a selected datum. Shoreline is symbolized by a heavy line (symbol C 1). Apparent shoreline is used on charts to show the outer edge of marine vegetation where the limit would be expected to appear as the shoreline to the mariner or where it prevents the shoreline from being clearly defined. Apparent shoreline is symbolized by a light line (symbols C 32, C 33, C p, C q and C r).

Landmarks

A structure or a conspicuous feature on a structure may be shown by a landmark symbol with a descriptive label (see Section E). Prominent buildings that could assist the mariner may be shown by actual shape as viewed from above (see Sections D and E).

On NGA charts, landmark legends shown in capital letters indicate that a landmark is conspicuous; the landmark may also be labeled "CONSPICUOUS" or "CONSPIC." On NOAA charts, all landmarks are considered to be conspicuous, and landmark legends shown in all capital letters indicate a landmark has been positioned accurately; legends using both upper and lower case letters indicate an approximate position.

ECDIS portrays conspicuous features with black symbols and non-conspicuous features with brown symbols. Only the conspicuous version is shown in the lettered sections of U.S. Chart No. 1. See the ECDIS "Conspicuous and Non-Conspicuous Features" page in front of Section E for more information.

IALA Buoyage System

The International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities (IALA) Maritime Buoyage System is followed by most of the world's maritime nations; however, systems used in some foreign waters may be different. IALA buoyage is divided into two regions: Region A and Region B. All navigable waters of the United States follow IALA Region B rules, except U.S. possessions west of the International Date Line and south of 10° north latitude, which follow IALA Region A rules.

The major difference between the two buoyage regions is the color of the lateral marks. Region A uses red to port and Region B uses red to starboard (red-right-returning). The shapes of the lateral marks are the same in both regions, can to port and cone (nun) to starboard, when entering from seaward. Cardinal and other marks, such as those for isolated dangers, safe water and special marks are also the same in both regions. Section Q and Appendix 1 illustrate the IALA buoyage system for both Regions A and B.

U.S. Lateral Marks

Most of U.S. waters are in IALA Region B. In the U.S. system, on entering a channel from seaward, buoys and beacon dayboards on the starboard side are red with even numbers and have red lights, if lit. Buoys and beacon dayboards on the port side are green with odd numbers and have green lights, if lit. Preferred channel buoys have red and green horizontal bands with the top band color indicating the preferred side of passage.

Light Range (Visibility)

A light's range or visibility is given in nautical miles, except on the Great Lakes and adjacent waterways, where light ranges are given in statute miles. For lights having more than one color, NOAA charts give only the shortest range of all the colors. On NGA charts, multiple ranges may be shown using the following convention. For lights with two colors, the first number indicates the range of the first color and the second number indicates the range of the second color. For example, FI WG 12/8M means the range of the white light is 12 nautical miles and the range of green light is 8 nautical miles. For lights with three colors, only the longest and shortest ranges are given and the middle range is indicated by a dash. For example, FI WRG 12-8M means that the range of the white light is 12 nautical miles, the range of green light is 8 nautical miles and the range of the red light is between 8 to 12 nautical miles. The dash can appear in any of the three positions.

Aids to Navigation Positioning

The fixed and floating aids to navigation depicted on charts have varying degrees of reliability. Floating aids are moored to sinkers by varying lengths of chain and may shift due to sea conditions and other causes. Buoys may also be carried away, capsized or sunk. Lighted buoys may be extinguished and sound signals may not function, because of ice or other causes. Therefore, prudent mariners will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids, but will also use bearings from fixed objects and aids to navigation on shore.

Colors

Color conveys the nature and importance of features found on nautical charts. Chart elements significant to marine navigation, such as lights, compass roses and regulated areas, are emphasized with magenta. Lateral marks on NOAA charts are shown with a red or green fill. Shades of blue depict potential hazards to navigation, typically shallow water and submerged obstructions. Areas of deeper water believed to be clear of obstructions are shown as white. Land, and other features that are always dry, are depicted with buff on NOAA charts and gray on NGA charts. Foreshore and other intertidal features are portrayed with a green tint. Other colors may be used to provide additional information, such as protected areas, which are outlined in blue or green and mineral lease blocks, which are outlined in red.

Traffic Separation Schemes

Traffic separation schemes show recommended lanes to increase safety of navigation, particularly in areas of high density shipping. These schemes are described in the International Maritime Organization (IMO) publication, *Ships Routeing*. Traffic separation schemes are generally shown on nautical charts at scales of 1:600,000 and larger. When possible, traffic separation schemes are plotted to scale and shown as depicted in Section M.

Conversion Scales

Depth conversion scales are provided on all charts to enable the user to work in meters, fathoms or feet.

Correction Date

The date of each new chart edition is shown below the lower left border of the chart. The date of the latest NGA issued U.S. Notice to Mariners applied to the chart is

shown after the edition date. NOAA charts also show the date of the latest U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners applied to the chart.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Information on the use of nautical charts, aids to navigation, sounding datums and the practice of navigation in general is in *The American Practical Navigator* (Bowditch), available through the "Publications" link on the NGA Maritime Safety Information portal at msi.nga.mil/NGAPortal/MSI.portal.

Tide and current data over U.S. waters is available from the NOAA Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services at <u>tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov</u>.

Detailed information about specific lights, buoys, and beacons and general information about the U.S. Aids to Navigation System and the Uniform State Waterway Marking Systems is in the U.S. Coast Guard *Light List*, at navcen.uscg.gov/?pageName=lightLists. Information about aids to navigation in foreign waters is in the NGA *List of Lights*, available through the "Publications" link on the NGA Maritime Safety Information portal at msi.nga.mil/NGAPortal/MSI.portal.

Other important information that cannot be shown conveniently on nautical charts can be found in the NOAA *U.S. Coast Pilot®*, at www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/staff/chartspubs.html and NGA Sailing Directions, available through the "Publications" link on the NGA Maritime Safety Information portal at msi.nga.mil/NGAPortal/MSI.portal.

U.S. Nautical Chart Catalogs and Indexes

NGA catalogs are available through the "Product Catalog" link on the NGA Maritime Safety Information portal at msi.nga.mil/NGAPortal/MSI.portal. NOAA catalogs are available at www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/ccatalogs.htm. A list of the dates of the latest editions of NOAA charts is at www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/dole.htm.

CORRECTIONS AND COMMENTS

Corrections to U.S. Chart No. 1 will appear in the weekly U.S. Notice to Mariners, available through the "Notice to Mariners" link on the NGA Maritime Safety Information portal at msi.nga.mil/NGAPortal/MSI.portal.

Users may send corrections or comments to USChart1@noaa.gov or by mail to:

National Ocean Service, NOAA (N/CS2) Attention: U.S. Chart No. 1 1315 East West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

Schematic Layout of U.S. Chart No. 1:



Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions B

							(D)	
\bigcirc	Ro	ocks					Supplementary r	national symbol: a
(E)) Pla	ne of Reference for Heights \rightarrow	H Plane of Refer	rence for Depths -	H			
Ŭ	No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	E	CDIS
		27 * (1 ₆) * (1 ₆)			, (Q ₆)		*	rock which covers and uncovers or is awash at low water underwater hazard which
	11	2	Rock which covers and uncov- ers, height above chart datum	* (2) (2) (4)	* (Q ₆) * Uncov 1m (Q ₆) Uncov 1m	※ ⊛	4	covers and uncovers with drying height
	_	Height datum Chart datum 5m				_	8	isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
	1	2	3	(4a)	(4b)	(5)	6	7

A	Section designation
B	Section
©	Sub-section Sub-section
D	Reference to "Supplementary national symbols" at the end of each section
E	Cross-reference to terms in other sections
1	Column 1: Numbering system following the "Chart Specification of the IHO". A letter in this column indicates a supplementary national symbol or abbreviation for which there is no international equivalent.
2	Column 2: Representation that follows the "Chart Specifications of the IHO" (INT 1 symbol)
3	Column 3: Description of symbol, term, or abbreviation
(4a)*	Column 4a: Representation used on charts produced by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
4b*	Column 4b: Representation used on charts produced by the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA)
5	Column 5: Representation of symbols that may appear on NGA reproductions of foreign charts
6)**	Column 6: Representation used to portray ENC data on ECDIS
7**	Column 7: Description of ECDIS symbols

- * When columns 4a and 4b are combined then NOAA and NGA both use the same symbol. When either column 4a or 4b is blank then the respective agency uses the INT 1 symbol shown in column 2.
- ** When columns 6 and 7 have several rows for the same symbol number, then ECDIS portrays this feature differently depending on the ship's draft and other conditions as defined in ECDIS by the mariner (as is the case for K 11). When columns 6 and 7 combine rows to span across several symbol numbers then ECDIS portrays all of the grouped symbol numbers the same way (see C 5–C 7).
- † Signifies that this representation is obsolete, but it may appear on older charts.



Signifies that a feature attribute value, such as a height, distance or name, may be obtained through an ECDIS cursor pick report. There are many attribute values that may be obtained in this manner, but the cursor pick icon is only used to note values that are specifically referred to in the description of symbols column and that ECDIS does not display next to the symbol. Height of trees in C 14 is an example.

ECDIS allows the mariner to change the color palette that is used to display an ENC. Three different color tables have been designed to provide the maximum clarity and contrast between features on the display under three different lighting conditions on the bridge, namely Day, Dusk and Night.

Each symbol is rendered in a different color appropriate for the lighting condition that the color table is meant for. This design provides maximum contrast for the display on a sunny day, as well as preserving night vision on a dimly lit bridge in the evening. This allows the mariner to look back and forth between the chart on the ECDIS display and out to sea through the bridge window without the mariner's eyes needing to readjust to a difference in light intensity.

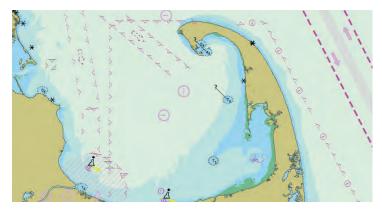
- The Day Color Table, meant to be used in bright sunlight, uses a white background for deep water and looks the most like a traditional paper chart.
- The Dusk Color Table uses a black background for deep water and colors are subdued, but slightly brighter than those used in the Night Color Table.
- The Night Color Table, meant to be used in the darkest conditions, uses a black background for deep water and muted color shades for other features.

The images on the right show each of the three color palettes.

The symbols shown in the remainder of this document use the day color palette.

Day, Dusk and Night Color Palettes





DAY

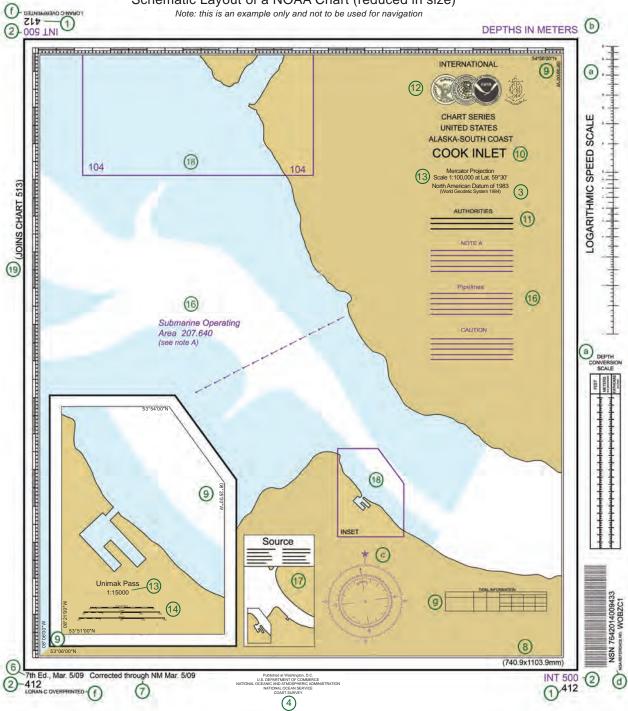


DUSK



NIGHT

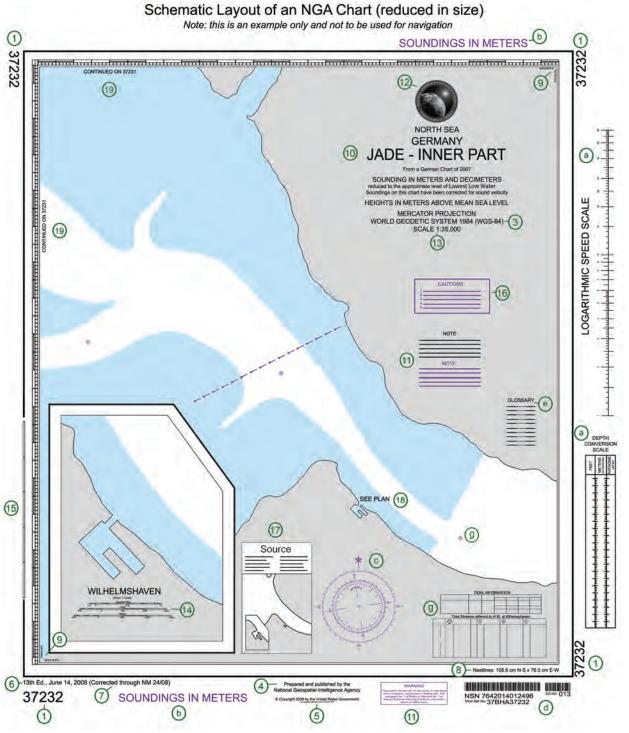
Schematic Layout of a NOAA Chart (reduced in size) Note: this is an example only and not to be used for navigation



Magnetic Tidal Data	Features → B a → H
1	Chart number in national chart series
2	Chart number in international (INT) series (if any)
3	Reference ellipsoid of the chart
4	Publication note (imprint)
5	Copyright note
6	Date of current edition
7	Notice to Mariners corrections
8	Dimensions of inner borders
9	Corner coordinates
10	Chart title
(1)	Explanatory notes on chart construction, etc. To be read before using chart.
12	Seal(s)
13	Scale of chart. Some charts have scale at a stated latitude.
14)	Linear scale on large scale charts

Chart Number, Title, Marginal Notes

15)	Linear border scale on large scale charts. On smaller scales use latitude borders for sea miles.
16	Cautionary notes (if any). Information on particular features, to be read before using chart.
17)	Source Diagram (if any). Navigators should be cautious where surveys are inadequate.
18	Reference to a larger scale chart
19	Reference to an adjoining chart of similar scale
a	Conversion scales
Ь	Reference to the units used for depth measurement
©	Compass rose
d	Bar code and stock number
e	Glossary: Translation of words on chart that are not in English
f	Identification of a latticed chart (if any)
9	Tidal and Tidal Stream information within the chart coverage



B Positions, Distances, Directions, Compass

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS					
Geog	Geographical Positions										
1	Lat	Latitude									
2	Long	Longitude									
3		International Meridian (Greenwich)									
4	0	Degree(s)									
5	ı	Minute(s) of arc									
6	п	Second(s) of arc									
7	PA	Position approximate (not accurately determined or does not remain fixed)	PA	(PA)		PA ?	Position approximate Point feature or area of low accuracy				
	PD	Position doubtful (reported in	PD	(00)		3.	Point feature or area of low accuracy				
8	PU	various positions)	PU	(PD)		(21)	Sounding of low accuracy				
9	N	North									
10	Е	East									
11	S	South									
12	W	West									
13	NE	Northeast									
14	SE	Southeast									
15	NW	Northwest									
16	SW	Southwest									

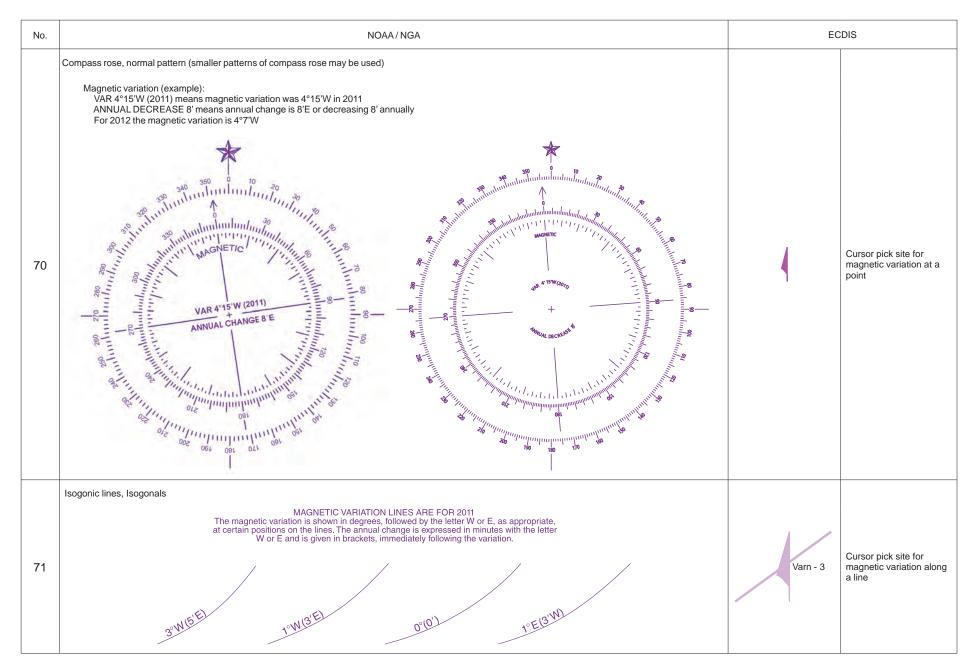
Positions, Distances, Directions, Compass

В

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	CDIS			
Contr	Control Points									
20	Δ	Triangulation point								
21	† [⊕]	Observation spot	⊕ 0	Obs Spot						
22	· •	Fixed point	0			0	Position of an elevation or control point			
23	† 🕂	Benchmark	o E	BM						
24		Boundary mark	♦ E	3dy Mon						
25.1	o km 32	Distance along waterway, no visible marker	St M 32			km 7	Canal and distance point with no mark			
25.2	o km 46	Distance along waterway with visible marker	□ Y Bn (46)			° km 7	Canal and distance point			
	Note: ECDIS uses a magenta "km" sym	bol to represent distance marks. How	wever, the distances sho	wn along waterways on N	NOAA-produced ENCs are displayed	d in statute miles.				
Symb	olized Positions (Examples)									
30	# # 13 Wk	Symbols in plan: position is center of primary symbol				ECDIS follows the paper	chart convention for the			
31	A P . C	Symbols in profile: position is at bottom of symbol				buoys and beacons (see	ot for simplified symbols for Q 1).			
32	⊙ Mast ⊙ MAST ☆	Point symbols: accurate positions	⊙ 1	MAST		0	Position of a point feature			
33	† ° Mast PA	Point symbol: approximate position	o N	Mast		ECDIS indicates approxin wrecks, obstructions, islet	nate position only for s and shoreline features.			
Units						Supplementary national	ıl symbols: a–m			
40	km	Kilometer(s)								
41	m	Meter(s)								
42	dm	Decimeter(s)								
43	cm	Centimeter(s)								
44	mm	Millimeter(s)								
45	М	International nautical mile(s) (1852m), sea mile(s)	Mi Ni	Mi NM						
46		Cable(s) (0.1M)	Cl	bl						

B Positions, Distances, Directions, Compass

No.	INT	Description	NOAA NGA		Other NGA	EG	CDIS
47	ft	Foot/Feet					
48		Fathom(s)	fn	n			
49	h	Hour(s)	h	ır			
50	m min	Minute(s) of time					
51	s sec	Second(s) of time					
52	kn	Knot(s)					
53	t	Ton(s), Tonnage (weight)					
54	cd	Candela(s)					
Magn	etic Compass					Supplementary national	al symbols: n
60		Variation	var	VAR		Varn	Magnetic variation
61		Magnetic	ma	ag			
62		Bearing	br	rg			
63		True	Т	Г			
64		Decreasing					
65		Increasing					
66		Annual change					
67		Deviation	de	9V			
68.1	Magnetic Variation 4°30′W 2011 (8′E)	Note of magnetic variation, in position					Cursor pick site for magnetic variation at a point Cursor pick site for magnetic variation over an area
68.2	Magnetic Variation at 55°N 8°W 4°30′W 2011 (8′E)	Note of magnetic variation, out of position					



B Positions, Distances, Directions, Compass

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
82.1	(±15°)	Local magnetic anomaly: Within the enclosed area the magnetic variation may deviate from the normal by the value shown				A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Cursor pick site for magnetic anomaly along a line or over an area
82.2	Local Magnetic Anomaly (see Note)	Local magnetic anomaly: Where the area affected cannot be easily defined, a legend only is shown at the position	LOCAL MAGNETIC DISTURBANCE (see note)	LOCAL MAGNETIC ANOMALY (see note)	LOCAL MAGNETIC DISTURBANCE (see note)	4	Cursor pick site for magnetic anomaly at a point
Suppl	lementary National Symbols						
а		Square meter(s)	n	n²			
b		Cubic meter(s)	n	1 ³			
С		Inch(es)	ir	ı			
d		Yard(s)	У	d			
е		Statute mile(s)	St M	St Mi			
f		Microsecond(s)	μsec	μs			
g		Hertz	F	łz			
h		Kilohertz	k	Hz			
i		Megahertz	N	ИНz			
j		Cycles/second	cps	c/s			
k		Kilocycle(s)	k	С			
I		Megacycle(s)	N	Лс			
m		Ton(s) (U.S. short ton) (2,000lbs)	Т				
n		Degree(s)	d	eg			

Natural Features

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS	
Coas	Coastline Supplementary national symbols: a-e							
Foresh	nore → I, J							
1		Coastline, surveyed					Coastline	
2		Coastline, unsurveyed				000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Coastline or shoreline construction of low accuracy in position	
	017		high	low			Presence of cliffs coincident with coastline is obtained by cursor pick	
3		Cliffs, Steep coast	†	MAN ANT MINTER TO THE TOTAL TO			Sloping ground crest line distant from coastline, radar or visually conspicuous	
			+	WE THE DE TOWN AND			Cliff as an area	
4	The state of the s	Hillocks	†	0		***	Conspicuous hill or mountain top	
5		Flat coast						
6		Sandy shore	<u></u> †	ganuun ja			Nature of coastline is obtained by cursor pick	
7	Stones	Stony shore, Shingly shore	+ / *********************	proses de la serie de la constante de la const		NS.		
8	Dunes	Sandhills, Dunes	†			***	Conspicuous hill or mountain top	

C Natural Features

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS	
Relief	Relief Supplementary national symbols: e-g							
Plane of reference for heights → H								
10	250- 50 100	Contour lines with values and spot height				O 109 m	Elevation contour with spot height, contour value is obtained by cursor pick	
11	·389 ·189 115, or 115	Spot heights				O 119 m	Position of an elevation or control point	
12	250 250 50	Approximate contour lines with values and approximate height					Elevation contour with spot height, contour value is obtained by	
13	359	Form lines with spot height	+	3,250 3,250		○ 103 m	value is obtained by cursor pick	
14		Approximate height of top of trees (above height datum)		135 TT		Approximate obtained by	height of trees is cursor pick	
Water	r Features, Lava		_					
20	Name	River, Stream					River	
21		Intermittent river	+				INVEI	

Natural Features C

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
22		Rapids, Waterfalls					Rapids Waterfall Waterfall, visually conspicuous
23		Lakes					Lake
24	Salt	Salt pans					
25		Glacier					Continuous pattern for an ice area (glacier, etc.)
26		Lava flow	†	1. 133.7 1 1. 133.7 1 1. 134.7 1 1. 134.7 1 1. 134.7 1			
Vege	tation					Supplementary national	symbols: i-t
30	ΛαΛΛ αλΛα λαλΛ ααλ ΔαλΛ ααλ	Woods in general	Wooded †	a West			Line of trees Wooded area

C Natural Features

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
31	Prominent trees (isolated or in groups)						
31.1	ð ððð	Deciduous tree	+ 6	₽		-	_
31.2	ð ððð	Evergreen (except conifer)	+ •	•		事	Tree
31.3	\$ \$ \$	Conifer	+ 4	ł.			
31.4	文	Palm	† ?				Vegetation, line of trees
31.5	* **	Nipa Palm	+ ***			# 1	
31.6	秦 秦 秦 秦	Casuarina	† 4.4	14		* * * * *	NA/
31.7	Ψ Ψ Ψ	Filao				事 事 事/	Wooded area
31.8	ÎÎÎ	Eucalypt				₽ ₽	
32		Mangrove	(us	sed in small areas)			Mangrove with coastline or shoreline construction of low accuracy in position
33	Mar/sh	Marsh, Swamp, Reed beds	(used in small areas)	Swamp		,。。 , 本	Marsh with coastline or shoreline construction of low accuracy in position
Supp	lementary National Symbols						
а		Chart sounding datum line (surveyed)	Unco	vers			
b		Approximate sounding datum line (inadequately surveyed)					
С		Foreshore; Strand (in general); Stones; Shingle; Gravel; Mud; Sand	Mud				
d		Breakers along a shore	Garage (il	de extensive)	_		

Natural Features C

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
е		Rubble	+ ,0000000000	5000 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 50		
f		Hachures	t	610		
g		Shading	t			
i		Deciduous woodland	† Wooded	\$ 100 mm		
j		Coniferous woodland	† Wooded	X4.X		
k		Tree plantation	† *** *** ***	000000		
I		Cultivated fields	† Cultivated			
m		Grassfields	† Grass	when when		
n		Paddy (rice) fields	† Rice	COME OF THE PARTY		
0		Bushes	† Bushes	So o o o o		
р		Apparent shoreline	Marsh			
q		Vegetation or topographic (Feature Area Limit-in general)				
r		Cypress		Cypress		
S		Grass	Grass			
t		Eelgrass	Eelgrass			

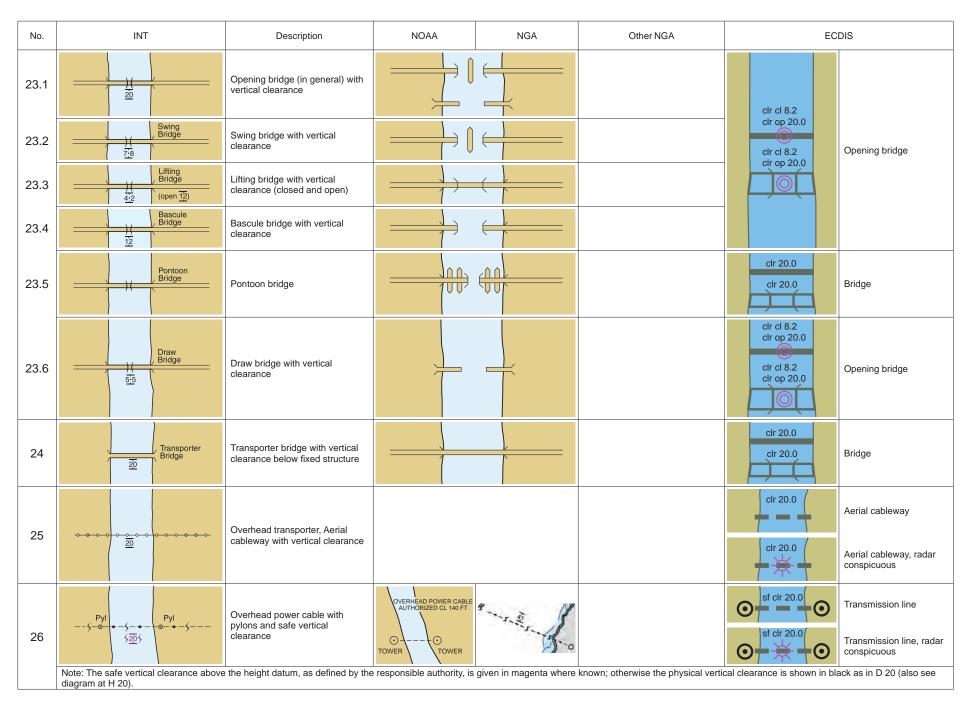
D Cultural Features

No.	INT	Description	NOAA N	GA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Settle	ements, Buildings						
Height	of objects → E Landma	rks → E					
1		Urban area					Built-up area
2		Settlement with scattered buildings					
3	○ Name □ Name	Settlement (on medium and small scale charts)	2 #	0		Name	Built-up area as a point
4	Name ■ Name HOTEL	Village	Vil			Name	Built-up area as a politi
5		Buildings	■ 図 □				Conspicuous single building
6	Hotel	Important building in built-up area					Conspicuous single building in built-up area
7	NAME	Street name, Road name				Street name	is obtained by cursor pick
8	[-1_Ru	Ruin, Ruined landmark	[i Ruins	o Ru		Status of ruin pick	ns is obtained by cursor
Road	s, Railways, Airfields					Supplementary Nationa	l Symbols: a-c
10		Motorway, highway					Road, track or path as a line
11		Road (hard surfaced)					
12	======	Track, Path (loose or unsurfaced)					Road as an area

Cultural Features

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
13		Railway, with station					Railway, with station
14		Cutting	шалан и шанананан шанан шана и шала по ото пито отпости в потпости				Cutting
							Embankment
15	***************************************	Embankment	tur sulveis unisutentententen unisuten				Embankment, visually or radar conspicuous
16	⇒ ===←	Tunnel	→===				Tunnel Tunnel with depth below
			++}===≾++				the seabed encoded
							Airport as a point
17	Air- field	Airport, Airfield	Air	oort		\times	Runway as a line
17	field	Aliport, Allieu	Airport			71 71	Airport area, with runway area and visually conspicuous runway area
Other	Cultural Features					Supplementary Nationa	al Symbols: d–i
20	<u> </u>	Vertical clearance above high water	EIVED PRIDOF	VERT CL 6 M T 6 L		clr 20.0 clr cl 20.0 clr op 20.0	Vertical clearance Closed clearance Open clearance
21		Horizontal clearance	FIXED BRIDGE HOR CL 25 FT VERT CL 20 FT	HOR CL 8 M		sf clr 20.0 Horizontal cl cursor pick	Safe clearance earance is obtained by
	`\{\bar{\}}			⊢8⊣		cursor pick	
22	<u> </u>	Fixed bridge with vertical clearance				clr 20.0	Bridge

D Cultural Features



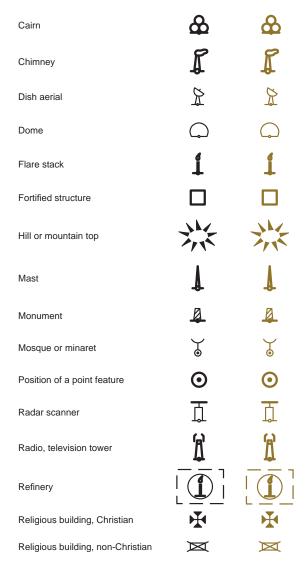
Cultural Features

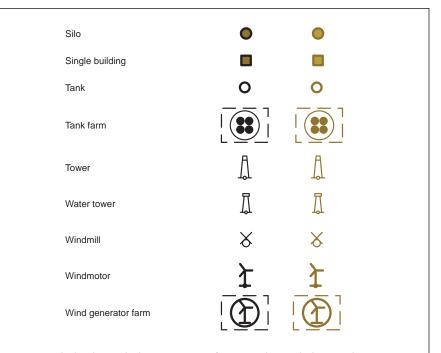
No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
27		Overhead cable, Telephone line, Telegraph line with vertical clearance	• Tel	•		clr 20.0	Overhead cable Overhead cable, radar
						* *	conspicuous
28	Overhead	Overhead pipe with vertical		OVHD PIPE VERT CL 6FT		clr 20.0	Overhead pipeline
20		clearance	VERT CL 6FT			clr 20.0	Overhead pipeline, radar conspicuous
29		Pipeline on land				-	Oil, gas pipeline, submerged or on land
Supp							
а		Highway markers	=20=5	95			
b		Railway (Ry) (single or double track) Railroad (RR)	Same grade Ry above Ry below				
С		Abandoned railroad	+++	+ + +			
d		Bridge under construction	+ + + ====	====			
е		Footbridge		<			
f		Viaduct		Viaduct			
g		Fence	0				
h		Power transmission line		•• 			
i		Approximate vertical clearance		abt 21			



Conspicuous and Non-Conspicuous Features

There are 25 features for which ECDIS displays either a black symbol, if the feature is visually conspicuous, or a brown symbol if is not. Only conspicuous landmarks are depicted on NOAA paper charts and ENCs. Therefore, only the conspicuous symbol versions are shown in the symbol tables of U.S. Chart No. 1. Both versions of the symbols for these features are shown on this page.





The seven symbols shown below represent features that only have a brown symbol. There is no corresponding black, conspicuous symbol. The brown symbol is displayed regardless of the conspicuousness of the feature.

Cranes	1
Flagstaff, flagpole	1
Mangrove	<u> </u>
Mine, quarry	*
Quarry	
Timber yard	#
Tree	青

Landmarks E

No.	IN	IT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS	
Plane c	of Reference for He	ight → H	Lighthouses → P	Beacons → Q				
Gene	al							
							0	Non-conspicuous point feature
1	◆ Factory	☐ ○ Hotel	Examples of landmarks		r			Non-conspicuous building
							Ī	Non-conspicuous water tower
	◆ FACTORY	WATER TR	Examples of conspicuous landmarks (On NOAA charts,	EMPIRE STATE BUILDING	E ⊙ SPIRE		0	Conspicuous point feature
2		WATER TOWER	a large circle with dot and capitals indicates that position is accurate; a small circle with	O RADAR MAST O CHIMNEY				Conspicuous building
	⊙ HOTEL I	I WAIER IOWER	lowercase indicates that position is approximate.)				Ī	Conspicuous water tower
3.1			Pictorial sketches (in true position)					The information symbol is displayed if a supplemental image is available, which may be accessed by cursor pick
3.2			Pictorial sketches (out of position)					
4	Д	(30)	Height of top of a structure above height datum		(30)		Height is obtained by cursor pic	
5	Ą	(30)	Height of structure above ground level	(30)			- Height is obtained by cursor pic	
Landn	narks							
10.1	— <u> </u>	_	Charach			<u></u> ↓	¥	Church as a point
10.1	₩	Ch	Church		∯ Ch	华■		Church as an area
10.2	Tr	∯ Tr	Church tower					
10.3	Sp Sp	⊬ Sp	Church spire	SPIRE	O Spire	å å å	A	Church tower, spire, or dome
10.4	Cup	∯ Cup	Church cupola	○ CUPOLA	O Cup	9		
11			Chapel		∯ Ch	†	*	Chapel

E Landmarks

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	CDIS
12		Cross, Calvary		+ 0	+ ±	0	Position of a point feature
13	×	Temple			+		
14	×	Pagoda				×	Religious building,
15	×	Shinto shrine, Joss house			卍		non-Christian
16	⊠ Z	Buddhist temple or shrine					
17	¥	Mosque, Minaret		j Ă	ζ	J	Mosque or minaret
18	Marabout	Marabout		o ŏ			
19		Cemetery	Cem	[++++]			Landmark area, type is obtained by cursor pick
20	Д тг	Tower	TOWERTr	Tr _©		Λ	Tower
21	Ï	Water tower, Water tank on a tower	STANDPIPE S'pipe	WTR TR Wtr Tr		Ī	Water tower
22	€ Chy	Chimney	CHIMNEYChy	⊙ CHY (208) (202) (Ů.	I	Chimney
23	Š	Flare stack (on land)	• FLARE	O Flare		1	Flare stack
24	Å Mon	Monument (including column, pillar, obelisk, statue)	MONUMENT	O Mon	J &		Monument
25.1	*	Windmill	WINDMILL	O Windmill	* *	× 🖔	Windmill, status of ruins is obtained by cursor
25.2	X Ru	Windmill (without sails)				○ <i>□</i>	pick
26.1	Ť † ‡	Wind turbine, Windmotor	WINDMOTOR	O Windmotor		1	Wind motor
26.2		Wind farm	WIND FARM	O Wind Farm			Wind generator farm
27	FS	Flagstaff, Flagpole	⊙ FS ⊙ FP	O FS		Ţ	Flagstaff, flagpole

Landmarks E

No.	11	NT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
28		j"	Radio mast, Television mast	R MAST TV MAST	O R Mast O TV Mast		1	Mast
29	Radio tower, Tel		Radio tower, Television tower	R TR TV TR	O RTr		Ţ	Radio, television tower
30.1	⊙ Radar Mast		Radar mast	RADAR MAST	O Radar Mast		1	Mast
30.2		^{(′} Д ^{′)} Radar	Radar tower	RADAR TR	O Radar Tr		Ţ	Radar tower
30.3	∘ Ra	dar Sc	Radar scanner				Ī	Radar scanner
30.4	◎ Radome		Radome	DOME (RADAR) Dome (Radar)	RADOME Radome		Q	Dome
31	\$		Dish aerial	ANT (RADAR) Ant (Radar)			*	Dish aerial
							0	Tank
32	₩ ₩ •	Tanks	Tanks	⊙ TANK ⊕	⊘ ○ Tk			Tank farm
33	◯ Silo	⊘ Silo	Silo	SILOELEVATOR	O Silo O Elevator	ÅÅ	•	Silo
34.1			Fortified structure (on large scale charts)		Д		B	Fortified structure
34.2		:	Castle, Fort, Blockhouse (on small scale charts)			B	П	Fortified structure
34.3		Ð	Battery, Small fort (on small scale charts)	_				Portined Structure
35.1	TIM!		Quarry (on large scale charts)					Quarry area
35.2		×	Quarry (on small scale charts)			¥	%	Quarry
36		×	Mine					

E Landmarks

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
37.1		Recreational vehicle site				
37.2	Χ	Camping site (including recreational vehicles)				
Supp	lementary National Symbols				'	
а		Muslim shrine	t)		
b		Tomb	† _	-		
С		Watermill	† كر	Υ	₩	
d		Factory	₽ ₽	☐ Facty		
е		Well	0	Well		
f		School	■ Sch Sch			
g		Hospital	Hosp			
h		University	■ Univ Univ			
i		Gable	⊙ GAB	O Gab		
k		Telegraph Telegraph office	Tel			
I		Magazine	Ma	agz		
m		Government house	Gov	t Ho		
n		Institute	In	st		
0		Courthouse	Ct	Но		
р		Pavilion	Pa	av		
q		Telephone	-	Г		
r		Limited	L	td		
s		Apartment	А	pt		
t		Capitol	Ca	ар		
u		Company	С	60		
V		Corporation	Co	orp		

No.	INT	Description	NOAA NGA		Other NGA	ECDIS	
Prote	ctive Structures					Supplementary nationa	symbols: a-c
1		Dike, Levee, Berm	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::				Dike as a line Dike as a line, conspicuous Dike as an area
2.1		Seawall (on large scale charts)					Seawall
2.2	THE PART OF THE PA	Seawall (on small scale charts)					- Countries
3	Causeway	Causeway		<u>Cswy</u>			Causeway as a line Causeway, covers and uncovers as a line Causeway as an area Causeway, covers and uncovers as an area
4.1		Breakwater (in general)	BI	KW			Breakwater as a line
4.2		Breakwater (loose boulders, tetrapods, etc.)					Breakwater as an area
4.3		Breakwater (slope of concrete or masonry)					
5	Training Wall	Training wall (partly submerged at high water)				——	Training wall

F Ports

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
6.1		Groin (always dry)		Groin			Groin (always dry)
6.2	0	Groin (intertidal)		<u>Groin</u>		<i></i>	Groin (intertidal)
6.3		Groin (always under water)	Groin			/	Groin (submerged)
Harbo	or Installations						
Depths	s → I Anchorages, Limits	$s \rightarrow N$ Beacons and	other fixed marks \rightarrow Q	Marina –	→ U		
10	\overline{ullet}	Fishing harbor					Fishing harbor
11.1		Boat harbor, Marina					Yacht harbor, marina
11.2	Ţ	Yacht berths without facilities					
11.3		Yacht club, Sailing club					
12		Mole (with berthing facility)					Mole as a line Mole as an area
13		Quay, Wharf	Whf	/ ?		~	Wharf (quay)
14	Pier	Pier, Jetty	Pier			_ / //	Pier (jetty),
15	Promenade	Promenade pier					promenade pier
16	Pontoon	Pontoon				A	Pontoon as a line
						A	Pontoon as an area
17	Lndg	Landing for boats	Ldg	Lndg		1	Landing

Ports F

No.	INT	Description	NOAA NGA		Other NGA	ECDIS	
18		Steps, Landing stairs			Steps		Landing steps
19.1	(4) (B) (A 54)	Designation of berth	3 A 3			Nr 3	Berth number
19.2	0	Visitors' berth					Yacht harbor, marina
20	□ Dn □ Dns	Dolphin	o Dol † • Dol (Great Lakes)	♦ Dn	₩ • •		Mooring dolphin
21	Ψ	Deviation dolphin				Ф	Deviation mooring dolphin
22	•	Minor post or pile	o Pile † ● Pile (Great Lakes)			•	Pile or bollard
23	Slip	- Slipway, Patent slip, Ramp					Slipway, ramp
24		Gridiron, Scrubbing grid				15	Gridiron
25		Dry dock, Graving dock					Dry dock
26	Clarity Park	Floating dock	XIIIIII			_	Floating dock as a line
	Floating Dock		Viiiii.				Floating dock as an area
27	7.6m	Non-tidal basin, Wet dock					Wet dock and gate
28		Tidal basin, Tidal harbor					Dock
							Dock, under construction or ruined

F Ports

No.	INT	Description	NOAA NGA		Other NGA	ECDIS	
29.1	Floating Barrier	Floating barrier, e.g. oil barrier, security barrier				 	Floating hazard Boom Floating oil barrier, oil retention (high pressure pipe) Boom, floating obstruction
29.2		Oil retention barrier (high pressure pipe)			Floating Barrier		Floating oil barrier, oil retention (high pressure pipe)
30	Dock under construction (2011)	Works on land, with year date					
31	Area under reclamation (2011)	Works at sea, Area under reclamation, with year date	Under construction (2011)	Under constr		1-1	Ruin or works under construction Year and condition of
32	Under construction (2011) Works in progress (2011)	Works under construction, with year date	Under constr (2011)			7	under construction or ruin is obtained by cursor pick
33.1	Ru	Ruin	Ruins				
33.2	Pier (ru)	Ruined pier, partly submerged at high water	Pier Pier			17.2	Pier, ruined and partly submerged
34	Hulk Hulk	Hulk	Hk	⇒ Hk			Hulk

No.	INT	Description	NOAA NGA		Other NGA	ECDIS			
Cana	Canals, Barrages Supplementary national symbol: d								
40		Canal	Canal Ditch				Canal		
41.1	Lock	Lock (on large scale charts)					Lock gate as a line		
41.2	\\	Lock (on small scale charts)	Canal Ditch	Lock Sluice Glidegate, Floodgate)			Navigable lock gate		
42		Caisson, Gate					Non-navigable lock gate Caisson as a line Caisson as an area		
43	Flood Barrage	Flood barrage					Non-navigable lock gate Flood barrage as a line Flood barrage as an area		
44	Dam	Dam, Weir (direction of flow shown is left to right)					Dam as a line Dam as an area		

F Ports

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS	
Transhipment Facilities Supplementary national symbols: e-f								
$Roads \to D \qquad \qquad Railways \to D \qquad \qquad Tanks \to E$								
50	RoRo	Roll-on, Roll-off (RoRo), Ferry Terminal				RoRo	RoRo terminal	
51	2 3	Transit shed, Warehouse (with designation)					Conspicuous single building, designation is obtained by cursor pick	
			† O -			#	Timber yard as a point	
52	#	Timber yard				<u>[#]</u>	Timber yard as an area	
				\ \ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	·XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	Ä	Lifting capacity is obtained by cursor pick	
53.1	(3 t) ⁶ C Tr	Crane with lifting capacity, Traveling crane (on railway)			Ö -	Ţ	Crane as a point	
				 			Crane as an area	
	Container crane (with lifting capacity)	Contains and (with lifting		Tool Cra				
53.2			† G-	rame			Crane viewally	
53.3	[⊙] SHEERLEGS	Sheerlegs (conspicuous)					Crane, visually conspicuous as an area	
Public	c Buildings					Supplementary nationa	l symbol: g	
60	(1)	Harbormaster's office	Hbr Mr				Conspicuous single building	
61	Custom office	■ Cus Ho				Conspicuous single building		
				\ominus	Customs			
62.1	0	Health office, Quarantine building	† Health Office					
62.2	Hospital	Hospital	■ Hosp				Conspicuous single building	
63		Post office	■ PO					

Ports **F**

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
Supp	olementary National Symbols					
а		Jetty (partly below MHW)) (5) (5)		
b		Submerged jetty		Subm Jetty		
				Submerged Jetty		
С		Jetty (on small scale charts)				
d		Pump-out facilities	P			
е		Quarantine office	† Qu	ar		
f		Mooring Canal		160,140 640		
g		Conveyor		Conveyor		

H Tides, Currents

Terms Relating	Terms Relating to Tidal Levels INT Terms							
INT Terms								
No.	Term	Description						
1	CD	Chart Datum, Datum for sounding reduction						
2	LAT	Lowest Astronomical Tide						
3	HAT	Highest Astronomical Tide						
4	MLW	Mean Low Water						
5	MHW	Mean High Water						
6	MSL	Mean Sea Level						
7		Height datum, Land survey datum						
8	MLWS	Mean Low Water Springs						
9	MHWS	Mean High Water Springs						
10	MLWN	Mean Low Water Neaps						
11	MHWN	Mean High Water Neaps						
12	MLLW	Mean Lower Low Water						
13	MHHW	Mean Higher High Water						
14	MHLW	Mean Higher Low Water						
15	MLHW	Mean Lower High Water						
16	Sp	Spring tide						
17	Np	Neap tide						

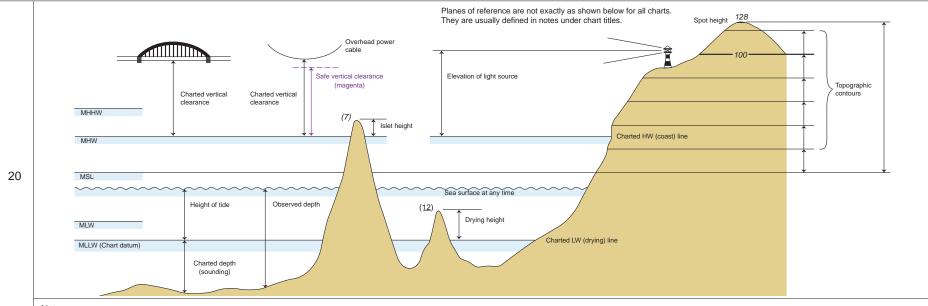
Supplementary	National Terms (see I-t	for other terms and symbols)				
No.	Term	Description				
а	HW	High Water				
b	HHW	Higher High Water				
C LW		Low Water				
d LWD		Low Water Datum				
е	LLW	Lower Low Water				
f	MTL	Mean Tide Level				
g	ISLW	Indian Spring Low Water				
h	HWF&C	High Water Full and Change (Vulgar establishment of the port)				
i	LWF&C	Low Water Full and Change				
j	CRD	Columbia River Datum				
k	GCLWD	Gulf Coast Low Water Datum				



No.

Tidal Levels and Charted Data

$\mathsf{Tide}\,\mathsf{Gauge} \to \mathsf{T}$



Notes:

- 1) The numbers 128, 100, (7) and (12), shown above, are examples of how spot heights, topographic contour labels, islet heights and drying heights appear on NOAA paper charts. The numbers are enclosed in (parentheses) if the value is offset into the water to more clearly show the islet or rock.
- 2) On NOAA charts, except for lake charts, the HW (coast) line is equal to the MHW line.

Tide Tables

No.	INT							Description	NOAA				
										TIDAL INFORMA	TION		
		-					PLACE		Height referred to datum of soundings (MLLW)				
	Tidal Levels referred to datum of soundings Lat Long Heights in metres above datum			Tabular statement of	NAME	(LAT/LONG)	Mean Higher High Water	Mean High Water	Mean Low Water				
	Place	N Lat	E	MHWS	MHWN	MLWN	MLWS	semi-diurnal or diurnal tides					feet
	Nordornov Diffact	53°42′	7°09′	3.2	2.8	0.9	0.4		5.44	(0004011/700051141)	feet	feet	
30	Norderney, Riffgat Langeoog		1	3.4			Note: The order of the	Baltimore, Ft. McHenry	(39°16'N/76°35'W)		1.4	0.2	
					MLHW	MHLW	MLLW	columns of levels will be the same as that used	Annapolis, U.S. Naval Academy	(38°59'N/76°29'W)	1.4	1.2	0.2
				MHHW	IVILITY	IVII ILVV	IVILLYV	in national tables of tidal	Washington D.C., Washington Channe	l (38°52'N/77°01'W)	3.2	2.9	0.1
								predictions.	Dashes () located in datum columns				Real-time water
					levels, tide predictions, and tidal current predictions are available on the Internet from http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov.								
							(Nov 2011)						

H Tides, Currents

No.						EG	CDIS
31	Tidal stream table	High Water High Water High Water Directions of streams (degrees) Pares at spring tides (knots)	aphical osition -6 261 0.8 (c) -7°17.8 -5 170 0.2 (c) -4 097 1.1 (c) -2 (c) -4 095 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.	0.7 0.1 0.8 0.8 0.2 0.1 0.9 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.8 0.0 0.0			Point or area for which a tidal stream table is available Boundary of an area for which there is tidal information
Tidal	Streams and Currents					Supplementary nation	al symbols: m-t
Break	xers → K Tide Gauge →	T				1	
No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EG	CDIS
40	<u>3.0 kn</u> →	Flood tide stream with rate				2.5 kn ? \(\) ?	Flood stream, rate at spring tides Current or tidal stream whose direction is not known Boundary of an area for which there is tidal information
41	2.8 kn →	Ebb tide stream				2.5 kn ? \(\hat{2} \)	Ebb stream, rate at spring tides Current or tidal stream whose direction is not known Boundary of an area for which there is tidal information

Tides, Currents

- 1	

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
42))))))	Current in restricted waters					
43	2.5 – 4.5 kn Jan – Mar (see Note)	Ocean current with rates and seasons		~~~~	(see Note)	2.5 kn	Non-tidal current
44		Overfalls, tide rips, races	symbol used only in small areas S O S O Eddies Symbol used only in small areas		**	NN NRÁ	Overfalls, tide rips; eddies; breakers as point, line, and area
45	© © © ©	Eddies				(m)	
46	< <p>♠</p>	Position of tabulated tidal stream data with designation				\Diamond	Point for which a tidal stream table is available
47	а	Offshore position for which tidal levels are tabulated					
Suppl	ementary National Symbols (Su	ipplementary national terms r	elating to tidal leve	ls are listed after H 1	7)		
I		Stream	S	Str			
m		Current, general, with rate))))))	? kn →			
n		Velocity, Rate	V	rel			
0		Knots	ŀ	kn			
р		Height	ŀ	nt			
q		Flood		fl			
r		New moon					
S		Full moon					
t		Current diagram	9 10 11 8 7 6	2 2 3			
u		Gulf Stream Limits	Approximate location	of Axis of Gulf Stream			

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	EDIS
Gene	ral						
1	ED	Existence doubtful				25	Sounding of low accuracy
						25	Sounding of low accuracy
2	SD	Sounding of doubtful depth				(212)	Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
						8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
						25	Sounding of low accuracy
3.1	Rep	Reported, but not confirmed				š	Point feature or area of low accuracy
3.2	Rep (2011)	Reported (with year of report), but not confirmed					Low accuracy line demarking area wreck or obstruction
		but not confirmed					Low accuracy line demarking foul area
							Obstruction, depth not stated
						25	Sounding of low accuracy
		Reported, but not confirmed				5	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less
4	(184) (212)	sounding or danger (on small scale charts only)				(212)	Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
						8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
						ĵ.	Point feature or area of low accuracy

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS	
Sound	dings					Supplementary national	symbols: a-c	
Plane	of Reference for Depths → H	Plane of Reference for Heigh	ts → H					
10	12 9 ₇	Sounding in true position (NOAA shows fathoms and feet with vertical numbers and meters with	6¾	6 ³ / ₄		97	Sounding shoaler than or equal to safety depth	
		sloping numbers)				30	Sounding deeper than safety depth	
11	.(48) +(12) 3375	Sounding out of position	(23)	3375		Depths are always shown in their true position in ECDIS		
12	(47)	Least depth in narrow channel	(47)					
13	. 200	No bottom found at depth shown				(200)	Status of no bottom found is obtained by cursor pick	
14	12 9 ₇	Soundings which are unreliable or taken from a smaller scale source (NOAA shows unreliable soundings in fathoms and feet with sloping numbers and in meters with vertical numbers)				12	Sounding of low accuracy	
15	200 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	Drying heights and contours above chart datum	& 6 C	ww.		<u>4</u>	Drying height, less than or equal to safety depth	
16	1 ₄ 2 ₅ 2 ₇ 2 ₇	Natural watercourse (in intertidal area), tidal gully, tideway				Y	Tideway	

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	EDIS				
Depth	ns in Fairways and Areas					Supplementary national	l symbols: a, b				
Plane	Plane of Reference for Depths → H										
20		Limit of dredged area									
21	12.2m 7.6 m	Dredged channel or area with depth of dredging in meters and decimeters					Dredged area Depth, date of latest survey and other information is obtained by cursor pick				
22	12m (2011) Dredged to 7.2m (2011)	Dredged channel or area with depth and year of the latest control survey	30 FEET APR 2011 30 FEET								
23	12.2 m Maintained Depth 7.2 m	Dredged channel or area with maintained depth									
24	10 ₈ 10 ₂ 9 ₆ (2011)	Area swept by wire drag. The depth is shown at chart datum. (The latest date of sweeping is shown in parentheses.)	3 29 8 22 8 22 7 21	<u>7</u> 6] (1930)		swept to 9.6	Swept area				
25	O Unsurveyed 10 (see note) Depths (see ZOC diagram)	Unsurveyed or inadequately surveyed area; area with	Unsurveyed		(See Note) (Depths (see Note)		Incompletely surveyed area				
25	Inadequately surveyed (see note) Unsurveyed	inadequate depth information	13 11 12 10 17 13 rky 22 20		Unsurveyed (see Note) Depths (see Note)		Unsurveyed area				

ECDIS Portrayal of Depths



ECDIS depth related symbols closely resemble their paper chart counterparts; however, ECDIS provides valuable additional information to mariners that paper charts cannot.

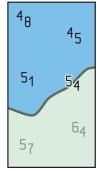
Soundings

ECDIS enables mariners to set their own-ship "safety depth." If no depth is set, ECDIS sets the value to 30m. Soundings equal to or shoaler than the safety depth are shown in black; deeper soundings are displayed in a less conspicuous gray. Fractional values are shown with subscript numbers of the same size.

Depth Contours & Depth Areas

Depth contours in ECDIS are portrayed with a thin gray line. Each pair of adjacent depth contours is used to create depth area features. These are used by ECDIS to tint different depth levels and to initiate alarms when a ship is headed into unsafe water.

Depth Contour Labels



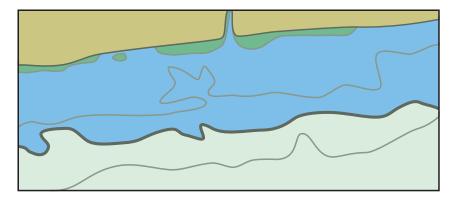
ECDIS depth contour labels are not centered and oriented along isolines as they appear on paper charts. They are displayed upright and may appear either on or next to the contour lines that they describe. The labels are black and the same size as soundings, but the labels have a light "halo" to set them apart. The graphic to the left shows depth labels and soundings both deeper and shoaler than the safety depth. Note that depths on NOAA paper charts and ENCs are usually compiled in fathoms and feet. Because ECDIS displays depths in meters, soundings and contour lines often show fractional meter values. The "own-ship safety contour" (described below) is always displayed, but mariners may choose to have all other depth contours turned off.

Safety Contour

ECDIS uses a "safety contour" value to show an extra thick line for the depth contour that separates "safe water" from shoaler areas. If the mariner does not set an own-ship safety contour value, ECDIS sets the value to 30m. If the ENC being displayed does not have a contour line equal to the safety contour depth value set by the mariner, then ECDIS sets the next deeper contour as the safety contour. Depending on the contour intervals used on individual ENCs, ECDIS may set different safety contours as a ship transits from one ENC to another. ECDIS will initiate an alarm if the ship's future track will cross the safety contour within a specified time set by the mariner.

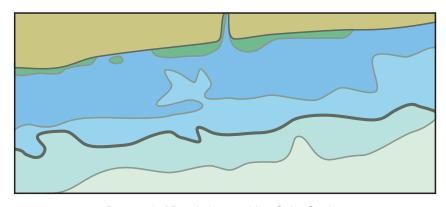
Two or Four Tints for Shading Depth Areas

ECDIS tints all depth areas beyond the (green tinted) foreshore in either one of two or one of four shades of blue. This is similar to the convention used for paper charts, but the depths used to change from one tint to another are based on the safety contour and thus "customized" for each ship. If the mariner chooses two shades to be displayed, water deeper than the safety contour is shown in an off-white color, water shoaler than the safety contour is tinted blue.

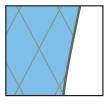


Portrayal of Depth Areas with 2 Color Settings

Some ECDIS enable mariners to define two additional depth areas for medium-deep water and medium-shallow water by setting a "deep contour" value and a "shallow contour" value. If this option is used, the safety contour is displayed between the medium deep and medium shallow contours.



Portrayal of Depth Areas with 4 Color Setting



Some ECDIS also provide the mariner with the option of displaying a cross-hatch "shallow water" pattern over all depth areas shoaler than the safety contour.

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Dept	h Contours		1				
30	2- 0 2- 335810152025304050751002003004005006007008009001000500060007000600070006000700060007000600070006000700060007000600070006000700060007000600070006000700060007000600070006000700060007007000	Drying contour Low water line Blue tint, in one or more shades, or tint ribbons are shown to different limits according to the scale and purpose of the chart and the nature of the bathymetry. On some charts, contours and values are printed in blue.	20 33 44 55 10 20 33 40 50 60 70 30 40 50 30 40 50 50 60 70 80 80 90 90	0		shallow depth safety deep depth all deeper	shallow water contour contour deep water contour deep depth deep depth deep depth deep depth
31		Approximate depth contours	— — 20 — — 50 — —				Approximate depth contour Approximate safety depth contour
Supp	olementary National Symbols						
а		Swept channel	.6.				
b		Swept area, not adequately sounded (shown by purple or green tint)	15	89 102 119			
С		Stream	21	5.6			

Nature of the Seabed

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS					
Types	s of Seabed					Supplementary nationa	l abbreviations: a-ag				
Rocks	→K										
1	S	Sand				S	Sand				
2	М	Mud				М	Mud				
3	Cy	Clay				Су	Clay				
4	Si	Silt				Si	Silt				
5	St	Stones				St	Stones				
6	G	Gravel				G	Gravel				
7	Р	Pebbles				Р	Pebbles				
8	Cb	Cobbles				Cb	Cobbles				
9.1	R	Rock; Rocky	Rk;	rky		R	Rock				
9.2	Во	Boulder(s)	В	lds		R Boulder					
						R	Lava				
10	Со	Coral, Coralline algae				Co	Coral				
11	Sh	Shells (skeletal remains)				Sh	Shells				
12.1	S/M	Two layers, e.g. sand over mud									
12.2	fS M Sh fS.M.Sh	The main constituent is given first for mixtures, e.g. fine sand with mud and shells	f S M Sh								
13.1	Wd	Weed (including kelp)				>>>	Weed, kelp				
13.2	2 24	Kelp, Weed	4	Kelp			Weed, kelp as an area				

J Nature of the Seabed

No.	INT	Descri	ption	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS		
								Sand waves as a point		
14	m	Sandwaves	∕∕∕∕ Sandwaves		mm	~~~	Sand waves as a line			
								Sand waves as an area		
15	T	Spring in seabed		<u> </u>	pring		T	Spring		
Types	Types of Seabed, Intertidal Areas									
20	G St	Area with stones a	and gravel	Grave	1		gravel stone	Areas of gravel and stone		
21	- Manufaction of the state of t	Rocky area, which covers and uncovers		E E CHAMOOUND	Rock By	3 0	1 V 1 X	Rocky ledges or coral		
22	* (16)	Coral reef, which uncovers	covers and	E Coral March		Control of the second	< 1 / 4 X	reef		
Qualit	ying Terms						Supplementary national	symbols: ah-bf		
30	f	Fine	only used in							
31	т	Medium	relation to							
32	С	Coarse	Saliu							
33	bk	Broken								
34	sy	Sticky								
35	SO	Soft								
36	sf	Stiff								
37	V	Volcanic		V	ol					
38	ca	Calcareous		С	a		\(\frac{1}{V}\)	Rocky ledges or coral reef		
39	h	Hard								

Nature of the Seabed

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
Supple	ementary National Abbreviation	ns				1
а		Ground	Gr	rd		
b		Ooze	0.	z		
С		Marl	M	11		
d		Shingle	Si	n		
f		Chalk	C	k		
g		Quartz	Q.	z		
h		Schist	Sc	ch		
i		Coral head	Co	Hd		
j		Madrepores	Мо	ds		
k		Volcanic ash	Volv	Ash .		
ı		Lava	La	а		
m		Pumice	Pr	Pm		
n		Tufa	7	-		
0		Scoriae	Se	С		
р		Cinders	C	n		
q		Manganese	M	n		
r		Oysters	Oy	/s		
S		Mussels	М	's		
t		Sponge	Sp	og		
u		Kelp	K	(
V		Grass	Gı	rs		
w		Sea-tangle	St	g		
Х		Spicules	Sp	oi		
у		Foraminifera	F	r		
Z		Globigerina	G	îl .		
aa		Diatoms	D	i		
ab		Radiolaria	Re	d		
ac		Pteropods	P	t		
ad		Polyzoa	Po	0		
ae		Cirripedia	Ci	ir		
af		Fucus	Fi	u		

J Nature of the Seabed

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
ag		Mattes	Ма			
ah		Small	sn	nl		
ai		Large	Ire	9		
aj		Rotten	ri			
ak		Streaky	st	r		
al		Speckled	sp	k		
am		Gritty	gt	У		
an		Decayed	de	С		
ao		Flinty	fly	/		
ар		Glacial	gla	nc .		
aq		Tenacious	te	n		
ar		White	wh			
as		Black	bl;	bk		
at		Violet	V	i		
au		Blue	bı	ı		
av		Green	gı	7		
aw		Yellow	y	1		
ax		Orange	O	r		
ay		Red	rc	1		
az		Brown	b	r		
ba		Chocolate	cl	1		
bb		Gray	gy	/		
bc		Light	It			
bd		Dark	di	-		
be		Varied	vard			
bf		Uneven	une	ev .		

Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions, Aquaculture



No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Gene	eral						
						•	Obstruction, depth not stated
		Dan and the set A day and the sedence				•	Obstruction which covers and uncovers
		Danger line: A danger line draws attention to a danger which would not stand out clearly enough if represented solely by				5	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less
1		its symbol (e.g. isolated rock) or delimits an area containing numerous dangers, through				8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
		which it is unsafe to navigate				X X X X	Foul area, not safe for navigation
2	_7 ₅ _	Swept by wire drag or diver	_21_Rk35_F	2k 46 Obstn	_#_ (15 ₇)	_4_	Swept sounding, less than or equal to safety depth
			46 Wk 46 Wk (1937)			_21_	Swept sounding, greater than safety depth
3	<u>@</u>	Depth unknown, but estimated to have a safe clearance to the depth shown	4 ₆ Wk 35 F	ck 46 Obstn		ECDIS displays safe clea manner as known depths	rance depths in the same
Rock	(S						
Plane	of Reference for Heights → H	Plane of Reference for Dept	:hs → H				
	(3,1) (1,7)	Rock (islet) which does not				•	Land as a point at small scale
10	Height datum Chart datum	cover, height above height datum	25	O ₍₂₁₎	▲ (4 m)	O 8 m	Land as an area, with an elevation or control point
	2 ₇					*	Rock which covers and uncovers or is awash at low water
11		Rock which covers and uncovers, height above chart datum	* (2) \$\frac{1}{2}\$	* $\frac{(Q_6)}{Uncov 1m}$	※ ⊛	4	Underwater hazard which covers and uncovers with drying height
	Height datum Chart datum 5m			Uncov 1m		8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
	* *)					*	Rock which covers and uncovers or is awash at low water
12		Rock awash at the level of chart datum			(#)		Underwater hazard which covers and uncovers
	Height datum Chart datum 5 m					8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour

K Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions, Aquaculture

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
13	+	Underwater rock of unknown depth, dangerous to surface navigation				*	Dangerous underwater rock of uncertain depth Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
14.1	25 + (48) 121 R 18 + (121) Height datum 5m 10m 20m	Underwater rock of known depth; inside the corresponding depth area	12 <i>Rk</i>	27 Rk 21 R		5	Underwater hazard with a depth of 20 meters or less Underwater hazard with
14.2	(4 ₈)	Underwater rock of known depth; outside the corresponding depth area, dangerous to surface navigation	(5) Rk	4) Rk 5) _R		25	depth greater than 20 meters Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
15	35 R	Underwater rock of known depth, not dangerous to surface navigation	35 <i>Rk</i>		35 _{R.} +(35)	10 25	Underwater hazard with a depth of 20 meters or less Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
16	(+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	Coral reef which is always covered	+Co + A Reef line + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +			12 ₈	Dangerous underwater rock of uncertain depth Obstruction, depth not stated Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour Safe clearance shoaler than safety contour Safe clearance deeper than safety contour
17	(5 ₉ Br	Breakers	Breakers .	Br	(¥) West Breaker PA		Overfalls, tide rips; eddies; breakwaters as point, line, and area

Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions, Aquaculture

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No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Wrec	ks and Fouls						
Plane	of Reference for Depths → H						
20	Mast (1.2) Wk	Wreck, hull never covers, on large scale charts	Hk		─────────────────────────────────────	0 1.2 m	Wreck, always dry, with height shown
21	Mast (1 ₂) Wk	Wreck, covers and uncovers, on large scale charts	HK		Wk	12	Wreck, covers and uncovers Distributed remains of wreck
22	5 WK 6 WK	Submerged wreck, depth known, on large scale charts			() WK	5 ₂ 25	Submerged wreck with depth of 20 meters or less Submerged wreck with depth greater than 20 meters Distributed remains of wreck
23	/wx	Submerged wreck, depth unknown, on large scale charts		[> Hk	> Wk > Wk	(3)	Submerged wreck with depth less than the safety contour or depth unknown
24	*	Wreck showing any portion of hull or superstructure at level of chart datum			₩k ₩k ₩k ₩k	*	Wreck showing any portion of hull or superstructure at level of chart datum
25	∰ Masts	Wreck of which the mast(s) only are visible at chart datum	∰ Masts	Mast (10ft) Funnel			
26	€; Wk 25; Wk	Wreck, least depth known by sounding only	(5) Wk		∰ (11)	25	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour

K Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions, Aquaculture

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
						46	Swept sounding for underwater hazard less than safety depth
27	€ Wk 25 Wk	Wreck, least depth known, swept by wire drag or diver	<u>25</u> Wk			25	Swept sounding for underwater hazard greater than or equal to safety depth
						8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
		Dangerous wreek, depth					Dangerous wreck, depth unknown
28	**	Dangerous wreck, depth unknown				8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
29	+++	Sunken wreck, not dangerous to surface navigation				+++	Non-dangerous wreck, depth unknown
						5	Underwater hazard with safe clearance of 20 meters or less
30	25 Wk	Wreck, least depth unknown, but considered to have a safe clearance to the depth shown			(<u>4</u>) Wk	25	Underwater hazard with safe clearance greater than 20 meters
						8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
31.1	# (25)					#	Foul area of seabed safe for navigation but not for anchoring
31.1	77 (24)	Foul ground, not dangerous to surface navigation, but to be avoided by vessels anchoring,				# # 7	Foul ground
	#	trawling, etc. (e.g. remains of wreck, cleared platform)					
31.2	# [#]					Exxxxx	Distributed remains of wreck
Obst	ructions and Aquaculture						
Plane	of Reference for Depths \rightarrow H	$Kelp, Seaweed \mathop{\rightarrow} J$	Underwater Inst	allations → L			
						•	Obstruction, depth not stated
40	Obstn Obstn	Obstruction, depth unknown				8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
						×××××	Safe clearance shoaler than safety contour

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Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions, Aquaculture

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
41	ြေ Obstn ခြံခဲ့ Obstn	Obstruction, least depth known by sounding only				25	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
						8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
						swept depth	Less than or equal to safety depth Greater than safety depth
						Method of dobtained by	epth measurement is cursor pick
42	(4) Obstn (6) Obstn	Obstruction, least depth known, swept by wire drag or diver				known by diver	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less
						or other means	Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
						8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
43.1	ァヾァ ()Obstn	Stumps of posts or piles, wholly	o ^o Subm	(Piles	⑦ ?		Obstruction, depth not stated
	***	submerged	piles	○ Well		5	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less
43.2	7	Submerged pile, stake, snag, or stump (with exact position)	Subm pilesStakesSnags	Deadhead Stump	⊕ 7° 7°	8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
						ШШ	Fish stakes as a point
44.1	unning manga	Fishing stakes		Fsh stks			Fish stakes as an area
44.2		Fish trap, Fish weir, Tunny nets	Fish trap				Fish trap, fish weir, tunny net as a point
45	Fish traps Tunny nets	Fish trap area, Tunny nets area					Fish trap, fish weir, tunny net as an area

K Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions, Aquaculture

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
46.1		Fish haven	Obstn Fish Haven	(actual		8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
			7.3.7741577			X X X X X	Safe clearance shoaler than safety contour
						5	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less
	(24)					25	Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
46.2		Fish haven with minimum depth	Obstn Fish Haven			8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
40.2	24		(auth min 42ft)			\times \times \times \times \times	Safe clearance shoaler than safety contour
						128	Safe clearance deeper than safety contour
						256	Safe clearance deeper than 20 meters
47		Shellfish beds	(Oys)			\boxtimes	Marine farm as a point
48.1		Marine farm (on large scale charts)					
48.2		Marine farm (on small scale charts)		Obstn (Marine Farm)			Marine farm as an area

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Rocks, Wrecks, Obstructions, Aquaculture

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
Supp	olementary National Symbols				·	
а		Rock awash (height unknown)	* *			
b		Shoal sounding on isolated rock or rocks	5 Rk 21 Rks		⑨ _R ② _r ② ⊕ ₍₈₎	
С		Sunken wreck covered 20 to 30 meters	+ +		₩	
d		Submarine volcano	() Si	ıb vol		
е		Discolored water	() Di	scol water		
f		Sunken danger with depth cleared (swept) by wire drag	21 Rk 4 ₆	35, Rk 4 Obstn		
g		Reef of unknown extent	R	eef		
h		Coral reef, detached (uncovers at sounding datum)	⊕ co 💭	© Coral		
i		Submerged crib	Subm Crib	[]] Crib		
j		Crib, duck blind (above water)	■ Duck Blir	nd Crib		
k		Submerged duck blind	□ Du	ick Blind		
I		Submerged platform	Subm platform	[] Platform		
m		Coral reef which covers and uncovers		Hay Reef		
n		Sinkers		9 14 13 a		
0		Foul area, foul with rocks or wreckage, dangerous to navigation	(Foul) (Wks) (Wreckage)			
р		Unexploded ordnance	Unexploded Ordnance	Unexploded Ordnance		
q		Float	☐ Float			
r		Stumps of posts or piles, which cover and uncover	o○ Subm piles			

Control of the Contro

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Gene	eral						
Areas	, Limits \rightarrow N						
1	Ekofisk Oilfield	Name of oilfield or gasfield		CORRIB Well 348 GAS FIELD / 1 Well 334 334 Well			Area to be navigated with caution, name is obtained by cursor pick
2	i z-44	Platform with designation/name		"Name"			Offshore platform, name is obtained by cursor pick
3		Limit of safety zone around offshore installation				A DIA	Area where entry is prohibited or restricted or to be avoided, with other cautions
4	 	Limit of development area					Cautionary area, navigate with caution
5.1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Wind turbine, floating wind turbine, vertical clearance under blade			FI.Y	ì	Wind motor visually conspicuous
5.2		Offshore wind farm				ATTA	Wind farm (offshore)
5.2		Offshore wind farm (floating)				A CLIP	wind farm (onshore)
6	(3)	Wave farm				A DA	Wave farm
Platfo	orms and Moorings			,			
Moori	ng Buoys → Q						
10	·	Production platform, Platform, Oil derrick		•			Offshore platform
11	●Fla	Flare stack (at sea)			>	Ė	Conspicuous flare stack on offshore platform

Offshore Installations

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ons		
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No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
12	• SPM	Single Point Mooring (SPM), including Single Anchor Leg Mooring (SALM), Articulated Loading Column (ALC)		"Name"			
13		Observation/research platform (with name)	■ "Name"	• "Name"	♪ "Name"		Offshore platform, name and status of disused is
14	■ Ru ■ Z-44 (ru)	Disused platform with superstructure removed			(disused)	- V	obtained by cursor pick
15		Artificial island	Artificial Island (Mukluk)		"Name"		
16	±°-1.	Single Buoy Mooring (SBM), Oil or gas installation buoy including Catenary Anchor Leg Mooring (CALM)				-	Installation buoy and mooring buoy, simplified Installation buoy, paper chart
17		Moored storage tanker	۶	Tanker			Offshore platform
18	————→)	Mooring ground tackle					Ground tackle
Unde	Underwater Installations Supplementary national symbol: a						
Plane	of Reference for Depths \rightarrow H	$Obstructions \mathop{\rightarrow} K$					
20) Well	Submerged production well	Well (cov 21ft) Well (cov 83ft)	◯ Well	(5) Prod Well Prod Well	25	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
			+			8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
21.1	○ Well	Suspended well, depth over wellhead unknown	Pipe			8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
			Pine			5	Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less
21.2	4) Well (15) Well	Suspended well, with depth over wellhead	Pipe (cov 24ft) Pipe (cov 92ft)			25 :	Underwater hazard with depth greater than 20 meters
			(cov 92π)			8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
21.3		Wellhead with height above the sea floor			े <u>Well</u> (5.7)	8	Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour

Constant of the Constant of th

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
22	#	Site of cleared platform				#	Foul area of seabed safe for navigation but not for anchoring
23	$lacksquare$ o Pipe $lacksquare$ (1_8)	Above-water wellhead (lit or unlit)	∘ Pipe		⊚ Pipe (2 ₄)		Obstruction in the water which is always above water level
24	∴ FI(2) ☐ Turbine Underwater Turbine	Underwater turbine				i	Underwater turbine or
25	ODAS	Subsurface Ocean(ographic) Data Acquisition System (ODAS)				i	subsurface ODAS
Subm	narine Cables	I					
30.1	^^^^	Submarine cable				-~ < ~ -	Submarine cable
30.2	++++**********++++	Submarine cable area	† Cable Area			r 4 — —	
31.1	~~~~~~ <u></u>	Submarine power cable				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Submarine cable area
31.2	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Submarine power cable area				\(\frac{1}{2} \)	
32		Disused submarine cable				-~ > ~	Status of disused is obtained by cursor pick
Subn	narine Pipelines						
40.1	Oil Gas (see Note) Chem Water	Supply pipeline: unspecified, oil, gas, chemicals, water				-	Oil, gas pipeline, submerged or on land
40.2	Oil Gas (see Note) Chem Water	Supply pipeline area: unspecified, oil, gas, chemicals, water	† — Pipeline Area —				Submarine pipeline area with potentially dangerous contents

Offshore Installations

					Oli	shore mstan	
No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
41.1	Water Sewer Outfall Intake	Outfall and intake: unspecified, water, sewer, outfall, intake				⊸	Water pipeline, sewer, etc.
41.2	Water Sewer Outfall Intake	Outfall and intake area: unspecified, water, sewer, outfall, intake	Pipeline Area				Submarine pipeline area with generally non-dangerous contents
42.1	\rightarrow	Buried pipeline/pipe (with nominal depth to which buried)				~ ~ ~ %	Nominal depth of buried pipeline is obtained by cursor pick
42.2	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ ($\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$	Pipeline tunnel				 	Pipeline tunnel
43	→ → → → → → → → ③; Obstn	Diffuser, Crib					Underwater hazard with depth of 20 meters or less Isolated danger of depth less than the safety contour
44	 	Disused pipeline/pipe				- ~~ ~	Status of disused is obtained by cursor pick
Supp	lementary National Symbols						
а		Submerged well (buoyed)	8 Well 8 Well	Well			
b		Potable water intake	PWI	∭ → → → Crib			

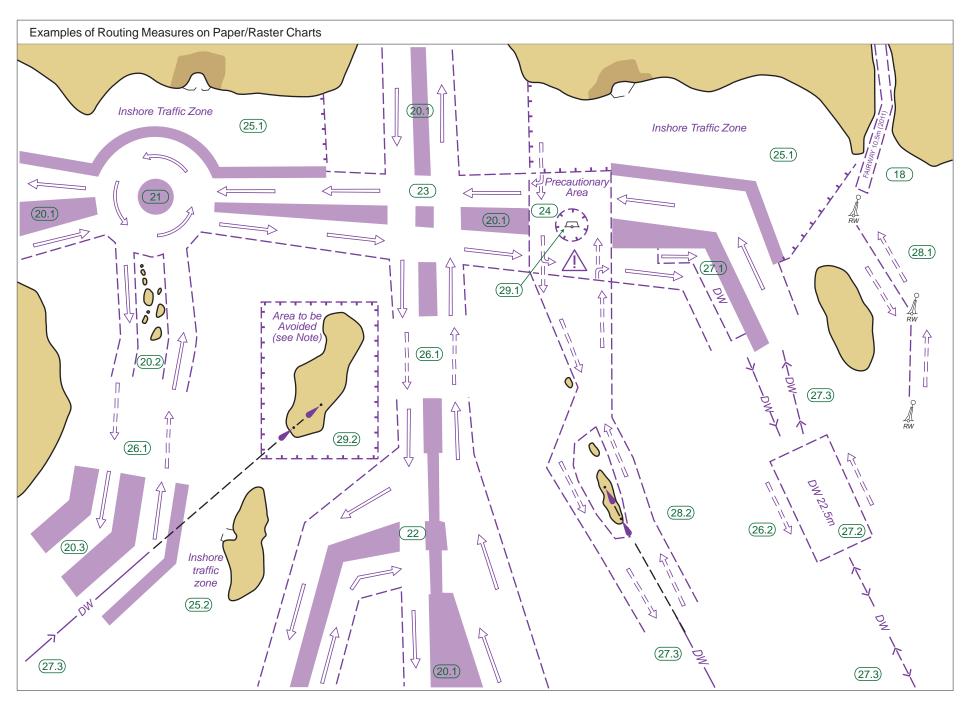
M Tracks, Routes

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS		
Tracl	Tracks Supplementary national symbols: a–c							
Track	s Marked by Lights → P	Leading Beacons → Q						
1		Leading line (solid line is the track to be followed, # means "in line")		Lights in line 090°		Leading line bearing a non-regulated, recommended track - < ? > < Direction not encoded One-way Two-way		
2	Island open of Headland 270.5°	Transit (other than leading line), clearing line		Beacons in line 090°	Bns in line 270.5°	270 deg Clearing line; transit line		
3	090.5°-270.5°	Recommended track based on a system of fixed marks		Lights in line 090°	>> >>	Non-regulated, recommended track based on fixed marks - < ? > Direction not encoded > 90 deg One-way Two-way		
4	<> <u>090.5°-270.5°</u>	Recommended track not based on a system of fixed marks	<- <-	> >		Non-regulated, recommended track not based on fixed marks - < ?> — — < Direction not encoded - > — 90 deg One-way - < —> — Two-way		
5.1	± → - ± DW (see Note)	One-way track and DW track based on a system of fixed marks	>-	>		Based on fixed marks, one-way 90 deg Non-regulated recommended track Deep water route		
5.2		One-way track and DW track not based on a system of fixed marks				Not based on fixed marks, one-way 90 deg Non-regulated recommended track Deep water route centerline		
6	<7.3m>	Recommended track with maximum authorized (or recommended) draft stated		7 m >< 7 ₃ m >		If encoded, the shoalest depth range value along the track is obtained by cursor pick		

Tracks, Routes

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS	
Routi	Routing Measures Supplementary national symbols: d–e							
Basic	Basic Symbols							
10	──	Established (mandatory) direction of traffic flow					Traffic direction in a one-way lane of a traffic separation scheme	
11	====>	Recommended direction of traffic flow				C==\^>	Single traffic direction in a two-way route part of a traffic-separation scheme	
12		Separation line (large scale, small scale)					Traffic separation line	
13		Separation zone					Traffic separation zone	
14	F	Limit of restricted routing measure (e.g. Inshore Traffic Zone (ITZ), Area to be Avoided (ATBA))	RESTRIC					
15	[Limit of routing measure	====				Traffic separation scheme boundary	
						Λ	Traffic precautionary area as a point	
16	Precautionary Area	Precautionary area					Traffic precautionary area as an area	
17	AST Izes Woles	Archipelagic Sea Lane (ASL); axis line and limit beyond which vessels shall not navigate					Axis and boundary of archipelagic sea lane	
18	FAIRWAY 7.3m	Fairway designated by regulatory authority with minimum depth Fairway designated by regulatory authority with maximum authorized draft	SAFETY FAIRWAY	166.200 (see note A)		- - - - - - - - -	Fairway, depth is obtained by cursor pick	

M Tracks, Routes



No.							
Exar	xamples of Routing Measures						
18	Safety fairway						
20.1	Traffic Separation Scheme (TSS), traffic separated by separation zone						
20.2	Traffic Separation Scheme, traffic separated by natural obstructions						
20.3	Traffic Separation Scheme, with outer separation zone separating traffic using scheme from traffic not using it						
21	Traffic Separation Scheme, roundabout with separation zone						
22	Traffic Separation Scheme, with "crossing gates"						
23	Traffic Separation Scheme crossing, without designated precautionary area						
24	Precautionary area						
25.1	Inshore Traffic Zone (ITZ), with defined end limits						
25.2	Inshore Traffic Zone, without defined end limits						
26.1	Recommended direction of traffic flow, between traffic separation schemes						
26.2	Recommended direction of traffic flow, for ships not needing a deep water route						
27.1	Deep water route (DW), as part of one-way traffic lane						
27.2	Two-way deep water route, with minimum depth stated						
27.3	Deep water route, centerline as recommended one-way or two-way track						
28.1	Recommended route, one-way and two-way (often marked by centerline buoys)						
28.2	Two-way route, with one-way sections						
29.1	Area to be Avoided (ATBA), around navigational aid						
29.2	Area to be Avoided, e.g. because of danger of stranding						

M Tracks, Routes



Tracks, Routes

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Rada	Radar Surveillance Systems						
30	o Radar Surveillance Station	Radar surveillance station	○ Ra			©	Radar station
31	Ra Cuxhaven	Radar range					Radar range
32.1	Ra	Radar reference line			—Ra ———Ra —	270 deg	Radar line
						Non-regulated red based on f	commended track xed marks
32.2	Ra 090°−270°	Radar reference line coinciding				- <	Direction not encoded
32.2		with a leading line				> > 90 deg	One-way
						< → 270 deg < →	Two-way
Radio	Reporting Points						
						Nr 13 ch s74	Radio calling-in point for traffic in one direction only
40.1	(T) VHF 80	Radio reporting (calling-in or way) points showing direction(s) of vessel movement with designation (if any) and VHF-channel				Nr 13 ch s74	Radio calling-in point for traffic in both directions
						? ? ? Nr 13 ch s74	Radio calling-in point, direction not encoded
						Nr 13 ch s74	Radio calling-in point for traffic in one direction only
40.2	\	Radio reporting line				Nr 13 ch s74	Radio calling-in point for traffic in both directions
						? \bigcirc ? $^{\frac{Nr}{2}}$? $^{\frac{13}{ch}}$ s74	Radio calling-in point, direction not encoded

M Tracks, Routes

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECI	DIS		
Ferri	Ferries								
50		Ferry	Ferry	Ferry			Ferry route		
51	Cable Ferry	Cable Ferry	Cable Ferry — — — -				Cable ferry route		
Supp	olementary National Symbols								
а		Recommended track for deep draft vessels (track not defined by fixed marks)	<->→ DW-<->						
b		Depth is shown where it has been obtained by the cognizant authority	→ DW 83ft -	< > DW 76ft					
С		Alternate course							

Areas, Limits

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	CDIS
Gene	eral *				I		
Dredg	ed and Swept Areas → I	Submarine Cables, Submarine P	ipelines → L	Tracks, Routes → N	И		
1.1		Maritime limit in general, usually implying permanent physical obstructions (tint band for emphasis)					Caution area, a specific
1.2		Maritime limit in general, usually implying no permanent physical obstructions (tint band for emphasis)					caution note applies
2.1	7777777777777 - - -	Limit of restricted area	+++++ - RESTRICT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Area where entry is prohibited or restricted or
2.1		Limit of restricted area, with tint band for emphasis	+ +				to be avoided
2.2		Limit of area into which entry is	 PRОНІВП	TED AREA			Area where entry is prohibited or restricted or to be avoided, with other cautions
2.2	+ Entry Prohibited † F	prohibited	PROHIBITED AREA				Area where entry is prohibited or restricted or to be avoided, with other information
Anch	orages, Anchorage Areas						
10	÷	Reported anchorage (no defined limits)			\$ \$	t	Anchorage area as a point at small scale, or anchor points of mooring trot at large scale
11.1	Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q	Anchor berths	(1	4)	6 No 1	Nr 6	Anchor berth
11.2	$ \begin{pmatrix} \widehat{Q} \\ \widehat{A} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \widehat{Q} \\ \widehat{E53} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \widehat{Q} \\ \widehat{44} \end{pmatrix} $	Anchor berths with swinging circle	3	D17		Radius of so cursor pick	wing circle is obtained by

^{*} ECDIS represents many types of area limits with just a few different symbols. Information about the type of area and its associated restrictions or prohibitions may be obtained by cursor pick.

N Areas, Limits

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
12.1		Anchorage area in general		Anchorage			
12.2	Γ — — — — — - ;	Numbered anchorage area		Anchorage No. 1			
12.3	Γ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Named anchorage area		Neufeld Anchorage			
12.4		Deep water anchorage area, Anchorage area for deep draft vessels		DW Anchorage			
12.5	Γ — — — — — - ‡ — — — o+} Tanker ‡ 	Tanker anchorage area		Tanker Anchorage			Type of anchorage area is obtained by cursor pick
12.6	Γ	Anchorage area for periods up to 24 hours					
12.7	r	Explosives anchorage area	EXPLOSIVES AN	ICHORAGE			
12.8	Γţ̂ φ} ţ̂	Quarantine anchorage area	QUAR ANCH QUARANTINE ANCHORAGE	Quarantine Anchorage			
12.9	Γ — — — — —	Reserved anchorage area					
Note: Ar	nchors as part of the limit symbol are not	shown for small areas. Other types	of anchorage areas may be	e shown.			
13		Seaplane operating area	SEAPL LAND ARE				Seaplane landing area
14	÷	Anchorage for seaplanes					Type of anchorage area is obtained by cursor pick

Areas,

Limits	N
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No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS	
Rest	ricted Areas	Supplementary national symbols: d, e, g					
20	F - F - F - F - F - F - F - F - F - F -	Anchoring prohibited	ANCH PROHIBITED	F + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		- Z	Area where anchoring is prohibited or restricted
						- Z	Area where anchoring is prohibited or restricted, with other cautions
						+	Area where anchoring is prohibited or restricted, with other information
21.1	FTTTTTTTTT	Fishing prohibited	, + + + + + , - FISH	FISH PROHIB TTTTT H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H		FT TX T	Area where fishing or trawling is prohibited or restricted
						+	Area where fishing or trawling is prohibited or restricted, with other cautions
						+ + × + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Area where fishing or trawling is prohibited or restricted, with other information

N Areas, Limits

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS	
21.2	FTTTTTTTTX	Diving prohibited					Area where diving is prohibited
22.1		Bird sanctuary	<u> </u>			++ + ESSA +-	Environmentally Sensitive Sea Area (ESSA)
22.2		Seal sanctuary		 			Area with minor restrictions or information notices
22.3		Non-specific nature reserve, National parks, Marine Reserves (MR)		F T T T MR T + M			
22.4	PSSA PSSA	Particularly Sensitive Sea Area (PSSA)		PSSA			PSSA

Areas, Limits N

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	EDIS
23.1	Explosives Dumping Ground	Explosives dumping ground, individual mine or explosive	EXPLOSIVES DUMPING AREA			i	Explosives or chemical dumping ground as a point
23.2		Explosives dumping ground (disused), Foul (explosives)	EXPLOSIVES DUMPING AREA DISUSED				Explosives or chemical dumping ground as an
24	H Dumping Ground for Chemicals	Dumping ground for chemical waste	— — — — — Dump Site	† Dumping Ground			area
25	† Degaussing Range	Degaussing range (DG range)	DEGAUSSING RANGE 	TTTTTTT DEGAUSSING RANGE			Degaussing area
27	5kn	Maximum speed				If a speed re limit is obtain	estriction exists, the speed ned by cursor pick
Milita	ry Practice Areas					1	
30		Firing practice area					Restricted area
31		Military restricted area, entry prohibited	PROHIBITED AREA	Prohibited Area			Area where entry is prohibited or restricted or to be avoided, with other cautions
32	¢	Mine-laying (and counter- measures) practice area					B
33	<u> </u>	Submarine transit lane and exercise area			SUBMARINE EXERCISE AREA		Restricted area
34	† Minefield † (see note)	Minefield			[Minefield
Intern	national Boundaries and Nationa	al Limits				Supplementary national	al symbols: a, f, h
40	CANADA +++++++++ UNITED STATES	International boundary on land	++++++			ттттт	Jurisdiction boundary

N Areas, Limits

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
41		International maritime boundary		+-+			Jurisdiction boundary
42	V	Straight territorial sea baseline with base point					Straight territorial sea baseline
43	++	Seaward limit of territorial sea			TERRITORIAL SEA		Territorial sea
44	+	Seaward limit of contiguous zone					Contiguous zone
45		Limits of fishery zones	————		— «X —++—		Limits of fishery zone
46	Continental Shelf	Limit of continental shelf					Continental shelf area
47	EEZ	Limit of Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)	×				Exclusive economic zone
48		Customs limit					Custom regulations zone
49	Harbor Limit	Harbor limit		Harbor Limit			Harbor area, symbolized
Vario	us Limits					Supplementary national	ıl symbols: a, b
60.1	(2012) กระปีการประกับโรปราชากิทย์สามีทัวงในกิจ	Limit of fast ice, Ice front (with date)			Terret	Continuous pattern for	
60.2	(2012) เหนาหนาใหม่ไรไรเกราะสามสหนันให้ให้ให้ให	Limit of sea ice (pack ice) seasonal (with date)			teret		an ice area (glacier, etc.)
							Floating hazard
61	Log Pond	Floating barrier, including log ponds, security barriers, ice booms, shark nets	Log	boom 00	111		Boom, ice boom
	,	Source, shall note					Boom, ice boom, floating obstruction, log pond
62.1	Spoil Ground	Spoil ground	Spoil Area				HO information note
62.2	Spoil Ground (disused)	Spoil ground (disused)	Spoil Area L	Discontinued			TIO IIIIOITIIAUOTI Note

Areas, Limits N

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
63	Extraction Area	Extraction (dredging) area				Dredging area
64	Cargo Transhipment Area	Cargo transhipment area				HO information note
65	Incineration Area	Incineration area				
Supp	lementary National Symbols	1		,		
а		COLREGS demarcation line				
b		Limit of fishing area (fish trap areas)				
С		Dumping ground	Under the control of			
d		Dumping area (Dump site)	Disposal / Depths fr of 2010	Area 92 om survey 85		
f		Reservation line (Options)				
g		Dump site	 Dun	 np Site		
h		Three Nautical Mile Line	THREE NAUTIO	CAL MILE LINE		
i		No Discharge Zone	NO-DISCH	ARGE ZONE		

P Lights

No.	INT Description		NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
Light	Structures and Major Floating L	ights				
Minor I	Light Floats → Q30, 31					
1	Lt LtHo	Major light, minor light, light, lighthouse	•		☆ ◆ ● ・	Light, lighthouse, paper chart
2	·	Lighted offshore platform	PLATFORM (lighted)			Lighted offshore platform, paper chart
3	∯ By ⇔ BnTr	Lighted beacon tower	o Marker (lighted)	\		Lighted beacon tower, paper chart
4	Bn	Lighted beacon	•			Lighted beacon,
5	₩ Bn	Articulated light, buoyant beacon, resilient beacon	○ Art	<u> </u>		paper chart
6		Major floating light (light vessel, major light float, LANBY)		*		Light vessel, paper chart
Note: N	Minor lights, fixed and floating, usually	conform to IALA Maritime Buoyage	System characteristics	S.		·
7		Navigational lights on landmarks or other structures				
8	Home Bo. W. Bashingth	Important light off chart limits				

Lights

No.	Abbreviation INT NOAA		Class of light	Illustration Period shown		ECDIS
Light	Characters					
Light (Characters on Light	Buoys → Q				
10.1	F	F	Fixed		F F	
	Occulting (total	duration of light lon	ger than total duration of darkness)			
	Oc	Oc	Single-occulting		Oc. ~~~	
10.2	Oc(2) Example	Oc (2)	Group-occulting		Oc (2)	
	Oc(2+3) Example	Oc (2+3)	Composite group-occulting		Oc (2+3)	
10.3	Isophase (durati	on of light and dark	kness equal)			
10.3	Iso	Iso	Isophase		Iso	
	Flashing (total d	uration of light sho	rter than total duration of darkness)			
	FI	FI	Single-flashing		FI	
10.4	FI(3) Example	FI (3)	Group-flashing			
	FI(2+1) Example	FI (2+1)	Composite group-flashing		FI (2+1)	
10.5	LFI	LFI	Long-flashing (flash 2s or longer)		LFL C C C C	When text for lights is displayed, ECDIS uses INT abbreviations.
	Quick (repetition	rate of 50 to 79 - u				
	Q	Q	Continuous quick		Q _{IIII} IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
10.6	Q(3) Example	Q (3)	Group quick	A A A A A A	Q(3)	
	IQ	IQ	Interrupted quick		IQ 1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/	
	Very quick (repe	tition rate of 80 to 1	159 - usually either 100 or 120 - flas	hes per minute)		
	VQ	VQ	Continuous very quick		VQ ,\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
10.7	VQ(3) Example	VQ (3)	Group very quick	AAA AAA AAA AA	VQ(3)	
	IVQ	IVQ	Interrupted very quick	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	M .	
	Ultra quick (repe	etition rate of 160 o	r more - usually 240 to 300 - flashes	s per minute)		
10.8	UQ	UQ	Continuous ultra quick		WIIII	
	IUQ	IUQ	Interrupted ultra quick			

P Lights

No.	Abbre INT	eviation NOAA	Class of light	Illustration	Period shown			ECDIS
10.9	Mo(K) Example	Mo (K)	Morse Code			Mo (K)		
10.10	FFI	F FI	Fixed and flashing		<u> </u>	FFI	When text for lights is displayed, ECDIS uses INT abbreviations.	
10.11	AI.WR	AIWR	Alternating	W R W	R W R	AI WR		
No.		NT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA		ECDIS
11.1		W	White (only on sector and alternating lights)		Colors of lights sh			Default light symbol if no
11.2		R	Red		on standard cha	rts		color is encoded or color is other than red, green, white, yellow, amber, or
11.3		G	Green					orange
11.4	Ī	Зu	Blue		on multicolored ch	narts		Red
11.5		Vi	Violet				Green	
11.6	Y Yellow		on multicolored charts				White, yellow, amber or orange	
11.7	Υ	Or	Orange		at sector lights	5		Sector lights
11.8	Υ	Am	Amber					Occion lights
Perio	d							
12	2.5s	90s	Period in seconds and tenths of a second					
Eleva	tion							
Plane	of reference for He	eights → H	Tidal Levels → H					
13	1	2m	Elevation of light given in meters or feet	36ft			When text fo	or lights is displayed,
Range	е						ECDIS uses	s INT abbreviations.
	1	5M	Light with single range					
14	15/	′10M	Light with two different ranges	10M only lesser of two ranges is charted		15/10M		
	15	-7M	Light with three or more ranges	7M only least of three ranges is charted				
Note: 0	Charted ranges are	e nominal ranges	given in Nautical Miles.					

Lights

D

No.	I	NT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA		ECDIS	
Dispos	ition								
	(1	hor)	Horizontally disposed						
15	(\	vert)	Vertically disposed				×	Disposition of light is obtained by cursor pick	
	(Δ)	(▽)	3 lights disposed in the shape of a triangle						
Examp	le of a Full Lig	ght Description							
		INT Example		NOAA Examp	le	NGA Example		► FIR15s21m11M	
	Name ☆ FI(3)WRG.15s 21m15-11M		Name FI (3) WRG 15	5s 21ft 11M	Name • FI (3) WRG 15s 21m15-11M	VIII.1392 IIII.1III			
	FI(3)	Class of light: group flashing repeating a group of three flashes		FI(3)	Class of light: greathree flashes	in ECD		The descriptions of non-sector lights are shown in ECDIS when the display of text is turned on, as	
	WRG	Colors: white, red, green, exhibiting the different colors in defined sections		WRG	Colors: white, re colors in defined	d, green, exhibiting the different sections	shown above. (The aid to navigation or other st ture that is always shown attached to a light flar ECDIS is not depicted here.)		
16	15s		aken to exhibit one full sequence of eclipses: 15 seconds	15s		Period: the time taken to exhibit one full sequence of three flashes and eclipses: 15 seconds		Sector lights (as described in the INT, NOAA and NGA examples at left) are depicted graphically in ECDIS, as shown below and in P40.	
10	21m	Elevation of focal	plane above datum: 21 meters		Elevation of light	:	,	The description of a sector light or	
				21ft	21 feet		1 2	any other type of light may always be	
				21m	21 meters		'Ψ (obtained by cursor pick.	
	15-11M	15-11M Nominal range: white 15M, green 11M, red between 15 and 11M			Nominal range:			_1	
	15 and TIM		11M	shortest range of all the lights is 11M					
				15-11M	white 15M, greei	n 11M, red between 15 and 11M		€==-	

P Lights

No.	INT	Description	Other NGA	ECDIS							
Lights	s Marking Fairways										
Leadir	Leading Lights and Lights in Line										
20.1	Name Oc.6s 24m15M	Leading lights with leading line (solid line is the track to be followed) and arcs of visibility Bearing given in degrees and tenths of a degree		ts in line 270°			eading lights with sectors				
20.2	Oc.4s12M ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴	Leading lights (# means lights in line) Bearing given in degrees and tenths of a degree				Oc OcR 270 deg	Leading lights				
20.3	Ldg.Oc.W&R ☆	Leading lights on small scale charts									
21	FI.G 270° FI.G 270° 270°	Lights in line, marking the sides of a channel				FIG FIG 270 deg 2FIR 270 deg	Lights in line, marking the sides of a channel				
22	Rear Lt or Upper Lt	Rear or upper light									
23	Front Lt or Lower Lt	Front or lower light									

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS	
Direc	ction Lights						
30.1	FI(2)5s10m11M *** Dir 269°	Direction light with narrow sector and course to be followed, flanked by darkness or unintensified light		OREEN RED	Directional light with sector		
30.2	Oc.12s6M Dir 255.5° FI(2)5s11M	Direction light with course to be followed, sector(s) uncharted				Directional light without sector FI(2)5s11M Oc12s6M	
30.3	Dir WRG. 15-5M ALWG Oc.W.4s ALWR	Direction light with narrow fairway sector flanked by light sectors of different character on standard charts				Light, directional	
30.4	Dir WRG. 15-5M ALWG OC.W.4s ALWR	Direction light with narrow fairway sector flanked by light sectors of different character on multicolored charts				Light, unectional	
31	▲ _o Dir	Moiré effect light (day and night), arrows show when course alteration needed			A ₀ Dir	Category of light as moiré effect is obtained by cursor pick	
Note:	Quoted bearings are always from seav	vard.					

P Lights

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDI	S
Secto	or Lights				1		
40.1	FI.WRG.4s 21m18-12M	Sector light on standard charts					
	FI.WRG.4s 21m18-12M					€ €===	ight, sector
40.2	FI.WRG.4s 21m18-12M	Sector light on multicolored charts	on multicolored				
41.1	Oc.WRG, 10-6M/	Sector lights on standard charts, the white sector limits marking the sides of the fairway					
41.2	Oc.WRG. 10-6M ** Oc. Name D. Oc. Oc.	Sector lights on multicolored charts, the white sector limits marking the sides of the fairway					

Lights

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS
42	FI(3)10s62m25M F.R.55m12M	Main light visible all-round with red subsidiary light seen over danger		, rep		Light, danger
43	FI.5s 41m30M	All-round light with obscured sector		OBSO		Light, obscured
44	Iso.WRG	Light with arc of visibility deliberately restricted				Light, restricted
45	Q.14m5M	Light with faint sector				Light, faint

P Lights

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS	
46	Oc.R.8s P. Oc.R.8s	Light with intensified sector				Intensified licursor pick	ght visibility is obtained by	
Light	s with Limited Times of Exhibitio	n						
50	F.R.(occas)	Lights exhibited only when spe- cially needed (for fishing vessels, ferries) and some private lights	Occas	F R (occas)				
51	FI.10s40m27M * (F.37m11M Day)	Daytime light (charted only where the character shown by day differs from that shown at night)		F Bu 9m 6M (F by day)				
52	Name ☆ Q.WRG.5m10-3M (Fl.5s Fog)	Fog light (exhibited only in fog, or character changes in fog)				Status and condition of light is obtained by cursor pick		
53	†	Unwatched (unmanned) light with no standby or emergency arrangements						
54	(temp)	Temporary						
55	(exting)	Extinguished						
Spec	ial Lights							
Flare	Stack (as sea) → L Flare	e Stack (on land) → E	Signal Stations → T					
60	Aero Al.Fl.WG.7.5s11M	Aero light (may be unreliable)	AERO	AERO AI WG 7.5s 108m 13M	★ AERO	AeroAlFIWG7.5s11M	Light	
61.1	Aero F.R.313m11M † ** RADIO MAST (353)	Air obstruction light of high intensity (e.g. on radio mast)		AERO F R 77m 11M		AeroFR313m11M	Conspicuous mast with	
61.2	(89) ↓ (R Lts)	Air obstruction light of low intensity (e.g. on radio mast)		TR (RLts)			light	
62	Fog Det Lt	Fog detector light				Category of pick	light is obtained by cursor	
63	(Illuminated)	Floodlit, floodlighting of a structure				0=	Floodlight	

Lights P

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS		DIS
64	N N	Strip light				M	/	Strip light
65	(priv)	Private light other than one exhibited occasionally	Priv	FR (priv)	→ ● Priv maintd	***	Status of pripick	vate is obtained by cursor
66	(sync)	Synchronized light						
Supp	lementary National Symbols							
а		Riprap surrounding light	.					
b		Short-Long Flashing			S-L FI			
С		Group-Short Flashing			G-S FI			
d		Fixed and Group Flashing			F Gp Fl			
е		Unmanned light-vessel; light float			₽ FLOAT			
f		LANBY, superbuoy as navigational aid		‡				



Simplified and Traditional "Paper Chart" Symbols

ECDIS can be set to display aids to navigation with either traditional "paper chart" or simplified symbols. The two symbol sets are shown below. Some ECDIS color fill the paper chart buoy shapes, but this is not required by IHO ECDIS portrayal specifications.

Floating Marks

Paper Chart	Simplified	Simplified Symbol Name
* 🛕	4	Cardinal buoy, north
* 🖈		Cardinal buoy, east
* 🗸		Cardinal buoy, south
* 🗶	4	Cardinal buoy, west
Q ?	⊙?	Default symbol for buoy (used when no defining attributes have been encoded in the ENC)
* •	•	Isolated danger buoy
A		Conical lateral buoy, green
A	4	Conical lateral buoy, red
\Box		Can shape lateral buoy, green
\Box		Can shape lateral buoy, red
<u>ሩ</u> ል <i>ስ</i>	_	Installation buoy and mooring buoy
**	•	Safe water buoy
Q	·	Special purpose buoy, spherical or barrel shaped, or default symbol for special purpose buoy
4	<u> </u>	Special purpose TSS buoy marking the starboard side of the traffic lane
	$\overline{\cdot}$	Special purpose TSS buoy marking the port side of the traffic lane
4 1	<u> </u>	Special purpose ice buoy or spar or pillar shaped buoy
4		Super-buoy ODAS & LANBY
7	-	Light float
<u>₹</u> ₽		Light vessel

Fixed Marks

Paper Chart	Simplified	Simplified Symbol Name
* 🛣		Cardinal beacon, north
* 🔷	\Rightarrow	Cardinal beacon, east
* 🔻	$\overline{\lor}$	Cardinal beacon, south
* 🗶	X	Cardinal beacon, west
1 ?	•?	Default symbol for a beacon (used when no defining attributes have been encoded in the ENC)
ı		Isolated danger beacon
T	•	Major lateral beacon, red
	•	Major lateral beacon, green
•	•	Minor lateral beacon, green
\wedge	•	Major safe water beacon
797	•	Minor safe water beacon
B	•	Major special purpose beacon
\$		Minor special purpose beacon

^{*} Paper chart symbols display various buoy or beacon shape symbols in conjunction with the topmark. Simplified portrayal only displays the topmark.

Day Marks

Paper Chart	Simplified	Simplified Symbol Name
Ţ	Image: section of the content of the	Square or rectangular daymark
\$	4	Triangular daymark, point up
$\overline{\mathbf{y}}$	$\overline{\gamma}$	Triangular daymark, point down
E	E	Retro reflector

^{**} Several different paper chart symbols correspond to this simplified symbol.

Buoys, Beacons

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l	メ

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	CDIS				
Buoy	Buoys and Beacons										
IALA N	Maritime Buoyage System, which include	des Beacons → Q 130									
		Default buoy symbol if no other				Q ?	Default symbol for buoy, paper chart				
		defining attribution is provided				⊙?	Default symbol for buoy, simplified				
		Default beacon symbol if no other defining attribution is				1?	Default symbol for a beacon, paper chart				
		provided				•?	Default symbol for a beacon, simplified				
1		Position of buoy or beacon	0			ECDIS shows the position with a circle at the bottom For simplified symbols, the corresponds with the cen	n of paper chart symbols. ne position of the aid				
Color	Colors of Buoys and Beacon Topmarks Supplementary national symbols: p										
Abbre	viations for Colors \rightarrow P										
2		Green and black (symbols filled black)	∲ G ∲ ▶ 1								
3		Single color other than green and black	\$ R								
4	A A A A BAB	Multiple colors in horizontal bands, the color sequence is from top to bottom	\$ RG								
5	Q Å Å	Multiple colors in vertical or diagonal stripes, the darker color is given first	8 RW Φ								
6		Retroreflecting material				E	Retro reflector				
	Note: Retroreflecting material may be fi	tted to some unlit marks. Charts do r	not usually show it. Unde	r IALA Recommendation	s, black bands will appear blue und	er a spotlight.					
Lighte	ed Marks										
Marks	with Fog Signals → R										
7	FI.G FI.R	Lighted marks on standard charts	₿ FIG FIR	ŢFI R							
8	FI.R Q Iso	Lighted marks on multicolored charts									

Q Buoys, Beacons

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	CDIS
Topm	arks and Radar Reflectors						
For Ap	plication of Topmarks within the IALAS	System → Q 130 For	other topmarks (specia	al purpose buoys and be	acons) → Q		
						are always displayed aborsymbol, as in Q 10 and Q Simplified symbols (on the marks, isolated dangers a only the topmark without t Simplified symbology for rof topmark will display onl beacon shape symbol with	e right, below) for cardinal and safe water consist of the buoy shape symbol. marks with any other type by the simplified buoy or
9	<i>‡ </i>	IALA System buoy topmarks	4 7 4 7				2 cones base to base 2 cones point to point 2 spheres
9	9 4 4 4 4 4	(beacon topmarks shown upright)	• 0 4			• •	Sphere
						A	Cone point up
						▼	Cone point down
							Cylinder, square, vertical rectangle
						×	X-shape
						/	Flag or other shape
							Board, horizontal rectangle
						•	Cube point up
						+	Upright cross over a circle
						T	T-shape
10	3 ⊓ - ♣ No2	Beacon with topmark, color, radar reflector and designation	■ G "3" Ra Ref			bn No 2	Beacon in general with topmark, paper chart
11	No3	Buoy with topmark, color, radar reflector and designation	§ Å	No 3		by No 3	Conical buoy with topmark, paper chart
Note: Ra	dar reflectors on floating marks usually a	are not charted. ECDIS does not disp	lay radar reflectors on fix	ked or floating aids; this in	formation is obtained by cursor pi	ick.	

Buoys, Beacons

U	

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Buoys							
Shapes	of Buoys						
Features	Common to Buoys and Beacons –	→ Q 1–11					
ľ						Paper Chart Simplified	
20	A	Conical buoy, nun buoy, ogival buoy	8N V				Conical buoy
21	D	Can buoy or cylindrical buoy	&c №				Can buoy
22	۵ a	Spherical buoy	8 SP ₽			\bigcirc \bigcirc	Spherical buoy
23	1 1 1	Pillar buoy	ØP A			∠ \	Pillar buoy
24	1	Spar buoy, spindle buoy	◊s 1			J. /	Spar buoy
25		Barrel buoy, tun buoy	₽			\bigcirc	Barrel buoy
						\Lambda	Super-buoy
26	<i>□</i>	Superbuoy				‡	Lanby, super-buoy
							Super-buoy odas & lanby
Minor Li	ight Floats						
30	FI.G.3s Name	Light float as part of IALA System	*		*		Light float
31	→ Fl.10s	Light float not part of IALA System	8				Light float

Q Buoys, Beacons

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS				
Moor	Mooring Buoys Supplementary national symbols: m, n										
Oil or (Oil or Gas Installation Buoy → L										
						٦	Mooring buoy, can shape, paper chart				
40	å å \$	Mooring buoys	•			\$	Mooring buoy, barrel shape, paper chart				
							Installation buoy and mooring buoy, simplified				
41	ñ. Fl.Y.2.5s	Lighted mooring buoy (example)	~	FI Y2s		Å	Mooring buoy with light flare, barrel shape, paper chart				
42	2 2	Trot, mooring buoys with ground tackle and berth numbers				Nr 1	Trot, mooring buoys with ground tackle and berth numbers				
43		Mooring buoy with telegraphic or telephonic communication		Tel & Tel Tel = telegraphic		७ - ~ < ~	Mooring buoy, can shape, paper chart Mooring buoy, barrel shape, paper chart				
				T = telephonic		- -~ < ~	Installation buoy and mooring buoy, simplified				
44	Small Craft Moorings	Numerous moorings (example)	Numerous mooring buoys	(5 buoys) Moorings			Small craft mooring area				
45	Ø.	Visitors' mooring					Availability of visitor moorings at marina is obtained by cursor pick				

Buoys, Beacons

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA		ECDIS
Speci	al Purpose Buoys						
	Shapes of buoys are variable. Lateral	or Cardinal buoys may be used in s	some situations				
- 1010.0						Purpose is obtained	of buoy and other information
	<i>y</i>	Firing donger area (Danger	T			√ is obtaine	ed by cursor pick
50	Ģ DZ	Firing danger area (Danger Zone) buoy					
51	ညှိ Target	Target					
52	$ otin \stackrel{\leftarrow}{Q}$ Marker Ship	Marker Ship				×	Conical buoy with
53	$\overset{\stackrel{\wedge}{Q}}{Q}$ Barge	Barge				797	topmark, paper chart
54	ф [̂] DG	Degaussing Range buoy					Special purpose buoy,
55	ညှို Cable	Cable buoy				\odot	spherical or barrel shaped, or default
56	ģ	Spoil ground buoy	8				symbol for special purpose buoy, simplified
57	ල්	Buoy marking outfall	8				
58	್ನಾ ODAS Ω ODAS	ODAS buoy (Ocean Data Acquisition System), data collecting buoy	A ODAS	♬ ODAS			Super-buoy, paper chart Super-buoy odas & lanby, simplified Spherical buoy, paper chart Spherical buoy, simplified
59	Ģ	Buoy marking wave recorder or current meter				∴∴∴	Conical buoy with topmark, paper chart Special purpose buoy, spherical or barrel shaped, or default symbol for special purpose buoy, simplified
60		Seaplane anchorage buoy			泛	A	Conical buoy, paper chart
61		Buoy marking traffic separation scheme					
62	Ģ	Buoy marking recreation zone				×	Conical buoy with topmark, paper chart
63	Buy Buy Al.Oc.BuY.3s	Emergency wreck marking buoy (EWMB)					

Q Buoys, Beacons

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA			CDIS
		Bootinpuon		110/1				0510
Seas	onal Buoys							
70	Ģ [*] (priv)	Buoy privately maintained (example)	() Driv		ద్దో (occas) ద్దో (01.04.– y 31.10.)	Ä,	Status as private is obtained by cursor pick	
71	$ extstyle egin{aligned} \overset{\star}{Q} & (Apr-Oct) \end{aligned}$	Seasonal buoy (example)			W.		periodic and period start and are obtained by cursor pick	
Beac	ons					Suppler	mentary nation	nal symbols: o
Lighte	d Beacons → P Feature	es Common to Beacons and Buoys	→ Q1–11					
		Beacon in general,					1 ?	Default symbol for a beacon, paper chart Default symbol for a
80	. J . ⊚ Bn	characteristics unknown or chart scale too small to show	□ Bn	★ Bn ⊚ Bn G R			•?	beacon, simplified
							1	Beacon in general, paper chart
81	_ U_ BW	Beacon with color, no distinctive topmark	▲ R RW Bn			***	Beacon col pick	lor is obtained by cursor
							pick	lor is obtained by cursor mation about topmarks and
							<u>.</u>	Beacon in general with topmark, paper chart Major red lateral beacon,
82	D	Beacons with colors and topmarks (examples)						simplified Beacon in general with topmark, paper chart
								Cardinal beacon, north, simplified
							•	Beacon in general with topmark, paper chart
							•	Isolated danger beacon, simplified
83	, RBB	Beacon on submerged rock with colors (topmark as appropriate)		+ BRB			:	Beacon in general with topmark, paper chart
	внв	() See September		BRB			0	Isolated danger beacon, simplified

Buoys, Beacons

W

No.	II.	NT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	E	CDIS		
Mino	Minor Impermanent Marks Usually in Drying Areas (Lateral Marks of Minor Channels)									
Minor	Pile → F									
90		1	Stake, pole	† o Stake • Stake † o Pole	R J		T	Minor, stake or pole beacon, paper chart		
91	Port Hand	Starboard Hand	Perch, withy		ļ .		1	Minor, stake or pole beacon, paper chart		
	Υ	1	Total, many				•	Minor red lateral beacon, simplified		
92	† [‡]	† [‡]	Withy				•	Minor green lateral beacon, simplified		
Mino	Marks, Usually	on Land								
Landm	narks → E									
100	£	&	Cairn	o Cairn	O CAIRN		&	Conspicuous cairn		
							Ţ	Square or rectangular day mark, paper chart		
							—	Square or rectangular day mark, simplified		
101	п	Mk	Colored or white mark				\Diamond	Triangular day mark, point up, paper chart		
101	J		Solored of Willie Halk				4	Triangular day mark, point up, simplified		
							\bigvee	Triangular day mark, point down, paper chart		
							$\overline{}$	Triangular day mark, point down, simplified		
102.1	† 1 1 1 1	I Î	Colored topmark (color known or unknown) with function of a beacon							
102.2	† RW	v	Painted boards with function of leading beacons							

Q Buoys, Beacons

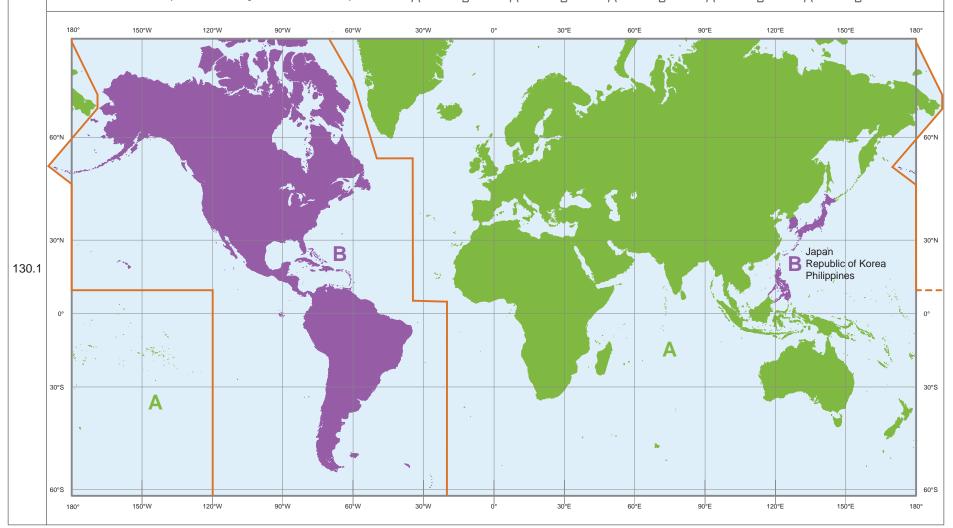
No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
Beac	on Towers						
						\Box	Beacon tower, paper chart
110		Beacon towers without and with topmarks and colors (examples)	□ RW Bn				Beacon tower with topmarks, paper chart
						•	Major red lateral beacon, simplified
						•	Major green lateral beacon, simplified
111	恩	Lattice beacon					Lattice beacon, paper chart
Speci	al Purpose Beacons	1					
Leadin	g Lines, Clearing Lines → M						
Note:	Topmarks and colors shown where sca	lle permits.					
120	J	Leading beacons		Bns in line 270°		270 deg	Leading beacons
121	J	Beacons marking a clearing line		Bns in line 270°		↓ _ ↓ 270 deg	Beacons marking a clearing line or transit
122	Measured Distance 1852 m 090°-270°	Beacons marking measured distance with quoted bearings	O MARKERS COURSE			270 deg	Beacons marking measured distance
123	‡	Cable landing beacon (example)		\$		\$ -~ < ~	Cable landing beacon (example)
124	Ref L Ref	Refuge beacon				Purpose as area beacon	refuge or firing danger
125		Firing danger area beacons				area beacon	is obtained by cursor pick
126	T	Notice board				9	Notice board

IALA Maritime Buoyage System

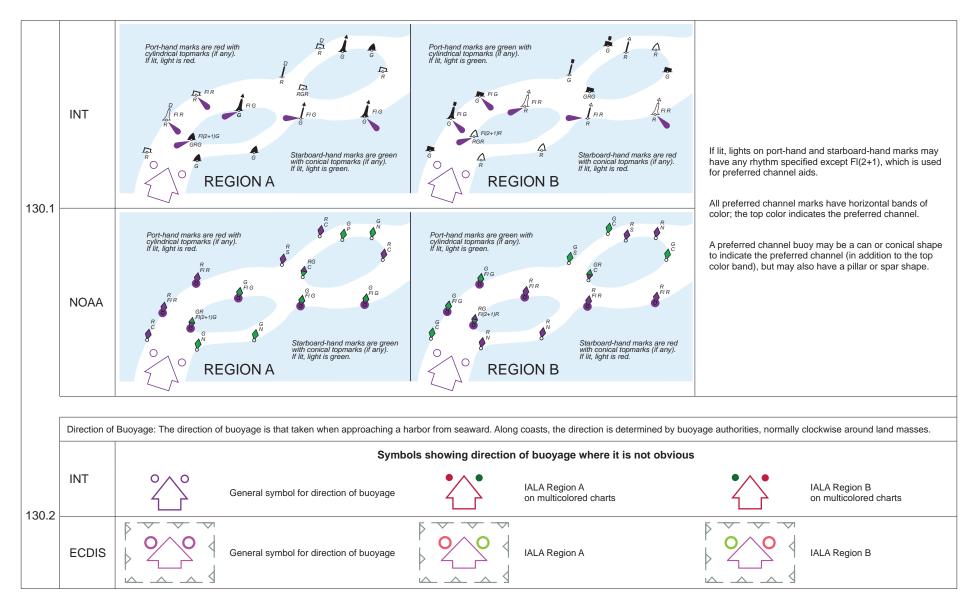
IALA International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities

There are two international buoyage regions where lateral marks differ. Region A is primarily comprised of the waters surrounding Greenland, Africa, Europe, Australia and Asia (except for Japan, the Republic of Korea and the Philippines). Region B is primarily comprised of the waters surrounding North and South America, Japan, the Republic of Korea and the Philippines.

ECDIS marks the boundary between IALA regions A and B with this symbol: -A - -B - A - -B -

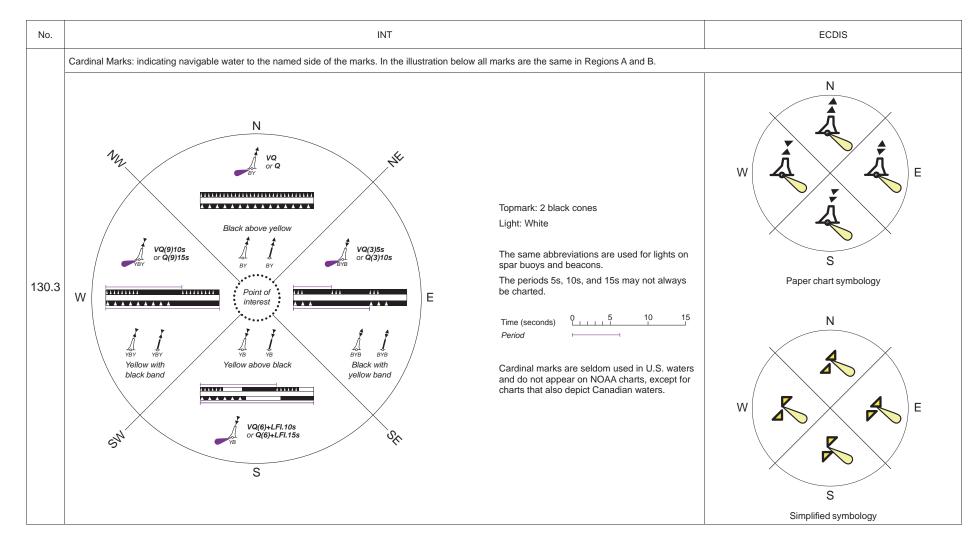


Q Buoys, Beacons



Buoys, Beacons

Q



Q Buoys, Beacons

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	CDIS
	BRB BRB FI(2)	Isolated Danger Marks stationed over dangers with navigable water around them				į	Pillar buoy with 2 spheres topmark
130.4		Body: black with red horizontal band(s) Topmark: 2 black spheres Light: white	₿ BR			į	Spar buoy with 2 spheres topmark
		Light. Write					Isolated danger buoy, simplified
						Q	Spherical buoy, paper chart
130.5	A A PW RW RW RW ISO OF	Safe Water Marks such as mid-channel and landfall marks Body: red and white vertical	∲ _{RW}			Å	Pillar buoy with sphere topmark
	Oc or Oc or LFI.10s or Mo(A)	stripes Topmark (if any): red sphere Light: white	o AW			į	Spar buoy with sphere topmark
							Safe water buoy, simplified
						Q	Spherical buoy, paper chart
	\$ \$ \$	Special Marks not primarily to assist navigation but to indicate special features					Can buoy
130.6	A Al.Oc.Buy.3s* LFLY Buy	Body (shape optional): yellow* Topmark (if any): yellow x or	Ø Y			$\sqrt{2}$	Conical buoy
	Al.Oc.Buy.3s* Fl.y	upright cross Lights: yellow, rhythm optional* *in special cases yellow may be in conjunction with another color				Ž	Spar buoy with x-shape topmark
							Special purpose buoy, simplified

Buoys, Beacons

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No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	ECDIS				
Supp	Supplementary National Symbols									
а		Bell buoy	Ø BELL	△ BELL						
b		Gong buoy								
С		Whistle buoy		A whis						
d		Fairway buoy (red and white vertical stripe)	Ø F	RW						
е		Mid-channel buoy (red and white vertical stripe)	Ø F	RW						
f		Starboard-hand buoy (entering from seaward - US waters)	♦ //	~ ? ?"						
g		Port-hand buoy (entering from seaward - US waters)	∮ "1"	8 "1"						
h		Bifurcation/Junction buoys	∲ RG ∲ GR							
h		Isolated danger, Wreck or Obstruction buoy	₿ BR							
i		Fish trap (area) buoy	◊ Y							
j		Anchorage buoy (marks limits)	◊ Y							
		Triangular shaped beacons	▲ R	△ RG Bn						
I		Square shaped beacons	■G □GR Bn	□W □B Bn Bn						
		Beacon, color unknown		Bn						
0		Lighted beacon	1	J	₹ _{Bn}					
q		Security barrier	Security	y barrier						
r		Scientific mooring buoy	8							
s		Float (unlighted)	8							
t		White and blue buoy		WBuW						

R Fog Signals

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA		ECDIS		
Gene	ral		I	1		1			
Fog De	etector Light → P Fo	g Light → P							
1	IIIO III	Position of fog signal, type of fog signal not stated	Fog Sig 11	m)		(II) O	Position of a conspicuous point feature with fog signal Lighted pillar buoy, paper chart with fog signal		
							Lighted super-buoy, paper chart with fog signal		
Types	of Fog Signals, with Abbrevia	ations				Supplementary nat	ional symbol: a		
10	Explos	Explosive	GL	IN					
11	Dia	Diaphone	DI	A					
12	Siren	Siren	SII	SIREN			Type of fog signal and its		
13	Horn	Horn (nautophone, reed, tyfon)	НС)RN		charact	eristics are obtained by cursor		
14	Bell	Bell	BE	LL		— pick			
15	Whis	Whistle	WI	HISTLE					
16	Gong	Gong	GC	NG					
Exam	ples of Fog Signal Description	ns	1	1					
Note: T	he fog signal symbol will usually be	e omitted when a description of the sig	gnal is given.						
20	FI.3s70m29M Siren Mo(N)60s	Siren at a lighthouse, giving a long blast followed by a short one (N), repeated every 60 seconds	FI 3s 70m 29M SIREN Mo(N) 60s	FI 3s 70m 29M SIREN			Light with fog signal		
21	Д Bell	Wave-actuated bell buoy	₱ BELL	A BELL		A.	Pillar buoy, paper chart with fog signal		
22	∫ Q(6)+LFI.15s ve Horn(1)15sWhis	Light buoy, with horn giving a single blast every 15 seconds, in conjunction with a wave-actuated whistle	Q(6)+LFI 15s HORN(1) 15s WHIS	Q(6)+LFI 15s NB HORN WHIS		Paper Chart Simplif	Lighted pillar buoy, paper chart with fog signal		
	ementary National Symbol								
Suppl	ementary reational Cymbol								

S

Radar, Radio, Satellite Navigation Systems

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA		EC	DIS		
Rada	Radar									
Radar	Structures Forming Landmarks \rightarrow E	Radar Surveillance S	Systems → M							
1	© Ra	Coast radar station, providing range and bearing service on request		Ra				Radio station		
2	© Ramark	Ramark, radar beacon transmitting continuously		Ramark						
3.1	†	Radar transponder beacon, with morse identification, responding within the 3 cm (X) band	+ (RACON						
3.2	†	Radar transponder beacon, with morse identification, responding within the 10 cm (S) band								
3.3	o Racon(Z)	Radar transponder beacon, with morse identification			© Racon (Z) (3 & 10 cm)					
3.4	Racon(Z)	Radar transponder beacon with sector of obscured reception				()	Radar transponder beacon		
3.4	Racon(Z)	Radar transponder beacon with sector of reception								
3.5	Racon Racon	Leading radar transponder beacons (‡: objects in line)								
3.3	\tag{\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\te}\text{\texi}\tiex{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tiex{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi\tiex{\tiint{\texit{\text{\ti}\tii}}\tinttitex{\tiint{\text{\tiinte\tarc{\tii}}\text{\	Leading radar transponder beacons coincident with leading lights								
3.6	Racon Racon	Radar transponder beacons on floating marks	RACON (-) R "2" FI R 4s	Racon		Paper Chart	Simplified	Radar transponder on floating mark		
4	بهنو	Radar reflector	Ra Ref	~ *			ل ا	Symbol indicating this		
5	<i>></i> 44	Radar conspicuous feature	Ra (conspic)			7		object is radar conspicuous		

S Radar, Radio, Satellite Navigation Systems

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA		ECDIS			
Radio	Radio									
Radio	Radio Structures Forming Landmarks → E Radio Reporting (Calling-in or Way) points → M									
10	† O Name	Circular (non-directional) marine or aeromarine radiobeacon	† ① RC † ②	R Bn						
44	† RD 269.5°	Directional radiobeacon with bearing line	† O-RD	RD 270°			Dodio station			
11	tts ≠ 270° RD 270°	Directional radiobeacon coincident with leading lights					Radio station			
12	† © RW	Rotating pattern radiobeacon	† ©	RW			Additional information regarding radio,			
13	† O Consol	Consol beacon	† ONSOL Bn 190 kHz MMF ==	†			such as category of radio station, signal frequency, communication channel, call sign, estimated signal range, periodicity and status may be included in the cursor pick. The presence of an AIS transmitted signal intended for use as an aid to navigation associated with a physical aid, including the AIS MMSI Number, can be obtained by cursor pick on the			
14	o RG	Radio direction-finding station	(0	RDF		7				
15	†	Coast radio station providing QTG service	O R Sta	†						
16	† O Aero RC	Aeronautical radiobeacon	† ©	AERO R Bn			physical aid.			
17.1	o AIS	Automatic Identification System transmitter								
17.2	AIS AIS	Automatic Identification System transmitter on floating marks (examples)								
18.1	o v-ais	Virtual AIS (with unknown IALA- defined function)								
18.2	V-AIS	Virtual AIS (with known IALA- defined function)				V-AIS	North cardinal virtual aid			
Satel	lite Navigation Systems									
	WGS WGS72 WGS84	World Geodetic System, 1972 or 1984								
50	Note: A note may be shown to indicate referred to WGS 84) to relate them to the		one, two or three decima	al places of a minute, dep	pending on the chart scale, which sl	hould be made	e to satellite-derived positions (which are			
51	© DGPS	Station providing DGPS corrections				DGPS	DGPS reference station			

Services

No. INT Description NOAA NGA Other NGA Pilotage 1.1	EC:	Pilot boarding place	
1.1 Boarding place, position of a pilot cruising vessel Boarding place, position of a pilot cruising vessel, with name (e.g. District, Port) Name Boarding place, position of a pilot cruising vessel, with name (e.g. District, Port) Boarding place, position of a pilot cruising vessel, with note (e.g. (see note)		Pilot boarding place	
1.1 Cruising vessel Phots 1.2 Boarding place, position of a pilot cruising vessel, with name (e.g. District, Port) Name Boarding place, position of a pilot cruising vessel, with note (e.g.		Pilot boarding place	
1.2	. ~ ~		
1.3 (Note cruising vessel, with note (e.g. () (see note	_ >		
		Pilot boarding area	
1.4 Pilots transferred by helicopter			
2 Pilot Lookout Pilot lookout, Pilot lookout station			
3 ■ Pilots Pilots ○ PIL STA ■ Pilots			
4 Port name (Pilots) Port with pilotage service (boarding place not shown)			
Coast Guard, Rescue			
10 ■ CG ○ CG Coast Guard station	CG	Coast guard station	
© R TR C G WALLIS SANDS	•	Coast gaat a station	
11 ■ CG + ○ CG + CG + CG + Coast Guard station with Rescue station	CG	Coast guard station Rescue station	
12 Rescue station, Lifeboat station, Rocket station			
13	+	Rescue station	
14 Refuge for shipwrecked mariners			
Signal Stations			
20 • SS Signal station in general • Ss Sig Sta			
21 Signal station, showing international port traffic signals	SS	Signal station	
22 SS (Traffic) Traffic signal station, Port entry and departure signals	33	Orginal Station	
23 SS (Port Control) Port control signal station HECP			

T Services

No.	INT	Description	NOAA	NGA	Other NGA	EC	DIS
24	○ SS (Lock)	Lock signal station					
25.1	o SS (Bridge)	Bridge passage signal station					
25.2	† F Traffic-Sig	Bridge lights including traffic signals					
26	o SS	Distress signal station					
27	∘ SS	Telegraph station					
28	⊙ SS (Storm)	Storm signal station	S Si	g Sta			
29	o SS (Weather)	Weather signal station, Wind signal station, National Weather Service (NWS) signal station	NWS SIG STA			İSS	0
30	⊙ SS (Ice)	Ice signal station				55	Signal station
31	⊙ SS (Time)	Time signal station					
32.1	‡	Tide scale or gauge		O Tide Gauge			
32.2	⊙ Tide Gauge	Automatically recording tide gauge					
33	⊙ SS (Tide)	Tide signal station					
34	⊙ SS (Stream)	Tidal stream signal station					
35	⊙ SS (Danger)	Danger signal station					
36	SS (Firing)	Firing practice signal station					
Supp	lementary National Symbols						
а		Bell (on land)	O BELL				
b		Marine police station	O MARINE POLICE				
С		Fireboat station	o FIREBOAT STATION				
d		Notice board		₹			
е		Lookout station; Watch tower	(O LOOK TR			
f		Semaphore	s	em			
g		Park Ranger station		•			

Small Craft (Leisure) Facilities

No.	INT	Des	cription		N	AAC			NG	iA			Ot	ner NG	A ECDIS
Small Cra	aft (Leisure) Facilities														
Traffic Feat	atures, Bridges \rightarrow D	Public Buildings	s, Cranes →	F		Pilots, C	Coast	Guard	d, Res	cue, Siç	gnal S	Station	$s \rightarrow T$		
Ма	arina facilities														
a -	NO LOCATION 1 LAS VEGAS BOAT 2 LAKE MEAD MAR 3 HEMENWAY HARBOR 4 TEMPLE BAR HAR 5 ECHO BAY RESORT 6 OVERTON BEACH 7 CALLVILLE BAY M (+) DENOTES HOURS LATER (-) DENOT	DARON CS. ILE. CAMPA ON CS. ILE. PRO STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF	SERVICES PICA MARANE PARAMETER PICA PARAMETE	RADIO	BOAT RENTAL CANON ROLL HM HM M	FOOD TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	ACMONICAMONI	WIER STATIO	PPLIES ON THE PROPERTY OF THE	T P TSL P TSL P TSL P	WD (c WI	GH EGH EGH EGH	T G	

Index of Abbreviations

Note: INT abbreviations are in bold type

A		
abt	.About	Di
AERO, Aero	.Aeronautical light	P 60-61.1
Aero R Bn	.Aeronautical radiobeacon	S 16
Aero RC	.Aeronautical radiobeacon	S 16
AIS	.Automatic Identification System	S 17.1-17.2
Al	.Alternating	P 10.11
ALC	.Articulated Loading Column	L 12
Am	.Amber	P 11.8
anc	.Ancient	
ANCH, Anch	.Anchorage	N 20
ANT, Ant	.Antenna	E 31
	.Approximate	
	.Approaches	
Apr	.April	
Apt	.Apartment	Es
Arch	.Archipelago	
ASL	.Archipelagic Sea Lane	M 17
ATBA	Area To Be Avoided	M 29.1
Aug	.August	
	- Authorized	
Ave	.Avenue	
В		
В	.Bay, bayou	
	Bay, bayou	Q 2
В	.Black	
B	.Black	B 24
B	.Black	B 24
B	.Black	B 24
Bdy Mon	.Black	B 24 J as J 33
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Black	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Black .Bench mark	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80-
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Black	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80- P 3, Q 110
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Bench mark .Beacon(s) .Beacon tower(s) .Boulder(s)	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80- P 3, Q 110
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Bench mark .Beacon(s) .Beacon tower(s) .Boulder(s) .Bollard	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80- P 3, Q 110 J 9.2
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Bench mark .Beacon(s) .Beacon tower(s) .Boulder(s) .Bollard .Breakers	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80- P 3, Q 110 J 9.2 K 17
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Bench mark .Beacon(s) .Beacon tower(s) .Boulder(s) .Bollard .Breakers .Brown	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80- P 3, Q 110 J 9.2 K 17 J az
B	Black Boundary mark (monument) Bank Black Broken Breakwater Blue Black Bench mark Beacon(s) Beacon tower(s) Boulder(s) Bollard Breakers Brown Beacing	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80- P 3, Q 110 J 9.2 K 17 J az B 62
B	.Black .Boundary mark (monument)Bank .Black .Broken .Breakwater .Blue .Black .Bench mark .Beacon(s) .Beacon tower(s) .Boulder(s) .Bollard .Breakers .Brown	B 24 J as J 33 F 4.1 P 11.4 J as B 23 M 2, P 4-5, Q 80- P 3, Q 110 J 9.2 K 17 J az B 62 J 33

C		
C	.Can, cylindrical	Q 21
C	.Cape	
C	.Cove	
c	.Coarse	J 32
Ca, ca	.Calcareous	J 38
CALM	.Catenary Anchor Leg Mooring	L 16
	.Capitol	
Cas	.Castle	E 34.2
Cb	.Cobbles	J 8
cbl	.Cable	B 46
cd	.Candela	B 54
Cem	.Cemetery	E 19
CG	.Coast Guard station	T 10
Ch	.Chocolate	J ba
Ch	.Church	E 10.1
Chan	.Channel	
Chem	.Chemical	L40.1-40.2
CHY, Chy, Chys	.Chimney(s)	E 22
Cir	.Cirripedia	J ae
Ck	.Chalk	J f
CL	.Clearance	D 20-21, 26, 28
CI	.Clay	J 3
cm	.Centimeter(s)	B 43
Cn	.Cinders	Jр
Co	.Company	Eu
Co	.Coralline Algae	J 10, K 16
Co Hd	.Coral Head	Ji
Co rf	.Coral reef	
COLREGS	.International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea	Na
Consol	.Consol Beacon	S 13
constr	.Construction	F 32
Corp	.Corporation	Εv
cov	.Covers	L21.2
cps	.Cycles per second	Вј
Cr	.Creek	
CRD	.Columbia River Datum	Нj
crs	.Coarse	J 32
c/s	.Cycles per second	Вј
	.Causeway	
Ct Ho	.Courthouse	Εo
	.Cupola	
Cus Ho	.Customs house	F 61
Cv	.Clay	.1.3

Index of Abbreviations

Note: INT abbreviations are in bold type

D	
D Destroyed	
dec	
Dec	
DegDegree(s)	
DestrDestroyed	
dev	B 67
DFDirection Finder	
DGDegaussing Range	N 25, Q 54
DGPS Differential Global Positioning System	S 51
Di	J aa
DIA, Dia . Diaphone	R 11
DirDirection light	P 30-31
Discol	Ke
dist	
dk	J bd
dm	B 42
Dn, Dns	F 20
Dol	F 20
DW Deep Water route	M 27.1, N 12.4
DZDanger Zone	Q 50
E	
EEast	B 10
ED Existence Doubtful	I 1
EEZ Exclusive Economic Zone	N 47
EntrEntrance	
ESSAEnvironmentally Sensitive Sea Area	N 22
EstEstuary	
exper	
Explos Explosive	
Exting, extingExtinguished	
F	
FFixed	P 10.1
fFine	J 30
F FI Fixed and flashing	
F Gp Fl Fixed and Group Flashing	
FactyFactory	
FADFish Aggregating Device	
Fd Fjord	
Feb February	
FISHFishing	
FIFlashing	
flFlood.	
Fla Flare stack	
TIG I IGI & SLOCK	- 11

fly	J ao
fm, fms	B 48
fne	J 30
Fog Det Lt Fog detector light	P 62
Fog SigFog Signal	R 1
FPFlagpole	E 27
FPSO Floating Production, Storage and Offloading Vessel	L 17
FrForaminifera	Jу
Fs, FS Flagstaff	E 27
Fsh stks Fishing stakes	K 44.1
FT, ftFoot, Feet	B 47, D 20
FuFucus	J af
G	
GGravel	J 6
GGreen	P 11.3, Q 2
GGulf	
GAB, GabGable	Εi
GCLWD	H k
GI	Jz
glacGlacial	J ap
gn	J av
Govt HoGovernment House	E m
Gp Fl	P 10.4
Gp OcGroup occulting	P 10.2
GPSGlobal Positioning System	
Grd	Ja
Grs	Jv
grtGross Register Tonnage	
GTGross Tonnage	
gtyGritty	J am
gy	J bb
Н	
HHelicopter	T 1.4
hHard	J 39
hHour	B 49
HATHighest Astronomical Tide	H 3
Hbr Mr	F 60
HHWHigher High Water	Нb
HkHulk	F34, K 21, 22
HoHouse	
hor	P 15
Hor CL	D 21
Hosp	E g, F 62.2
hrHour	B 49

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Note: INT abbreviations are in bold type

Note: IN Labbreviations are in bold type			
nrd Hard J 3		Le Ledge	
ntHeight	p	LLW Lower Low Water H	е
HW	a	Lndg Landing for boats F	17
HWF&CHigh Water Full & Change	h	LNGLiquefied Natural Gas	
zB ç	g	LoLo Load-on, Load-off	
		LongB	2
LA	130	LPGLiquefied Petroleum Gas	
O International Hydrographic Organization		Lrg Jarge Jarge Jarge	ai
ım	63	LS S	12
OInternational Maritime Organization		lt Light	bc
Inlet		Lt HoP	[,] 1
ins	С	Lt, Lt(s) Light(s)	[,] 1
st Institute E r	n	Ltd Limited E	r
T	2, T 21	LW Low Water	l c
ensIntensifiedP4	46	LWD Low Water Datum H	l d
Interrupted quick	10.6	LWF&C Low Water Full and Change	Li
		M	
)		M	2
Z		M	
Q		mMedium (in relation to sand)	
Q		,	3 41
a	10.7	mMinute(s) of time	
n January		Ma	
July			ay 8 61
n		MagzMagazine E	
		Maintd	
I/ala		MarMarch	00
KelpJu			
		McMegacyclesB	
z		Mds	•
		MHHW	
	52	MHLW	
		MHW	
Lake, loch, lough		MHWN	
I Long-flashing P 1		MHWS	
JI		Mi Nautical mile(s) B	
g Lagoon		min	46.2
NBY Large Automatic Navigational Buoy	6	min	50
SH Lighter Aboard Ship		Mk	101
TLowest Astronomical Tide	2	MI	С
t Latitude	1	MLHW Mean Lower High Water H	15
g Landing	17	MLLW	112
lgLeading Lights	20.3	MLW Mean Low Water	14

^{*}Now known as the International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities, the organization formerly called the International Association of Lighthouse Authorities/Association Internationale de Signalisation Maritime (IALA/AISM) continues to use IALA as an abbreviation for its full name.

Index of Abbreviations

Note: INT abbreviations are in bold type

	Mean Low Water Neaps	
	Mean Low Water Springs	
	Millimeter(s)	
	Manganese	
Mo	Morse Code	P 10.9, R 20
MON, Mon	Monument	E 24
MR	Marine Reserve	N 22
MRCC	Maritime Rescue and Coordination Center	
Ms	Mussels	Js
MSL	Mean Sea Level	H 6
Mt	Mountain, Mount	
Mth	Mouth	
MTL	Mean Tide Level	H f
N		
N	North	B 9
N	Nun	Q 20
NE	.Northeast.	B 13
NGA	National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency	
	Nautical miles(s)	B 45
	Nautical miles(s)	
	Number	
	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	
	National Ocean Service	
	November	
	.Neap tide	H 17
	.Net Tonnage	11 17
	.Notice to Mariners	
	Northwest	D 15
NWS SIG STA	National weather service signal station	1 29
-	. Observation spot	D 04
·	Obscured.	
,		
	.Obstruction	
	Occulting	
	Occasional	
	October	
	Ocean Data Acquisition System	
	Orange	
	Overhead	
,	Oysters	Jr
Р		
_	Pebbles	.17
P	Pillar	

PA	.Position approximate	B 7
Pass	.Passage, Pass	
Pav	.Pavilion	Εp
PD	.Position doubtful	B 8
Pk	.Peak	
PLT STA	.Pilot station	Т3
Pm	.Pumice	J m
PO	.Post office	F 63
Po	.Polyzoa	J ad
pos, posn	.Position	
Post Off	.Post office	F 63
Priv, priv	.Private	P 65, Q 70
Prod well	.Production well	L 20
PROHIB	.Prohibited	N 2.2
PSSA	.Particularly Sensitive Sea Area	N 22
Pt	.Pteropods	J ac
Pyl	.Pylon	D 26
Q		
Q	Quick	P 10.6
QTG	.Service providing DF signals	S 15
Quar	.Quarantine	Fe
Qz	.Quartz	Jg
R		
	.Coast radio station providing QTG service	S 15
R	.Coast radio station providing QTG service	
R		S 15
RR.	.Radio Station	S 15 P 11.2
RRR, r	.Radio Station	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b
RRR, rRBn	.Radio Station	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15
R	.Radio Station .Red .Rock, Rocky .Circular radiobeacon .Air obstruction lights .Radio mast .Radio Station	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar Radar	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1 S 5
R	Radio Station Red. Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar Radar reference line Radar conspicuous object	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1 S 5 S 4
R	Radio Station Red. Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar Radar reference line Radar conspicuous object Radar reflector	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1 S 5 S 4 S 3
R	Radio Station Red. Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar Radar reference line Radar conspicuous object Radar reflector Radar transponder beacon	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1 S 5 S 4 S 3 E 30.3
R	Radio Station Red. Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar Radar reference line Radar conspicuous object Radar reflector Radar transponder beacon Radar scanner	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1 S 5 S 4 S 3 E 30.3 E 30.2
RRR.r.R.BnR.StaR.StaR.Tower.R.TR.R.Tr.RaRa (conspic).Ra RefRadar ScRadar Tr, RADAR TR.Ramark.	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar Radar reference line Radar conspicuous object Radar transponder beacon Radar scanner Radar tower	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1 S 5 S 4 S 3 E 30.3 E 30.2 S 2
R	Radio Station Red Rock, Rocky Circular radiobeacon Air obstruction lights Radio mast Radio Station Radio tower Radio tower Radar Radar reference line Radar conspicuous object Radar transponder beacon Radar scanner Radar tower Radar tower Radar tower	S 15 P 11.2 J 9.1, K b S 10 P 61.2 E 28 S 15 E 29 E 29 M 31-32, S 1 M 32.1 S 5 S 4 S 3 E 30.3 E 30.2 S 2 S 10

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Note: INT abbreviations are in bold type

	.Road, roadstead	
	.Red	,
RDF	.Radio direction finding station	S 14
Ref	.Refuge	Q 124
Rep	.Reported	13
Rf	.Reef	
RG	.Radio direction finding station	S 14
Rk	.Rocks	J 9.1, K b
Rky	.Rocky	J 9.1
RoRo	.Roll-on, Roll-off Ferry (RoRo Terminal)	F 50
rt	.Rotten.	J aj
	.Ruin, ruined	•
	.Rotating-pattern radiobeacon	
S		
-	Sand	.1 1
	South	
	.Spar, spindle	
	Second(s) of time	
	Single Anchor Leg Mooring.	
	Single Buoy Mooring	
	Scanner	
	Scoriae	
	Schist	
	School.	ET
	Sailing Directions	
	Sound	1.0
	.Sounding doubtful	
	Southeast	
	Seconds of time	B 51
•	.September	
	.Stiff	
	.Soft	
	.Shells	J 11
	.Shoal	
	.Silt	
	.Signal	
=	.Signal station	
	.Short-Long Flashing	
	.Sand over mud	
	.Small	J ah
	.Seamount	
	.Shingle	
	.Soft	
Sp	.Church spire	E 10.3

SP	.Spherical	Q 22
Sp	.spire	E 10.3
Sp	.Spring tide	H 16
Spg	.Sponge	J t
Spi	.Spicules	J x
Spipe, S'pipe	.Standpipe	E 21
spk	.Speckled	J al
SPM	.Single Point Mooring	L 12
ss	.Signal station	T 20-36
St	.Stones	J 5
St M, St Mi	.Statute mile(s)	Ве
STA, Sta	.Station	F 41.1, S 15, T 3
stf	.Stiff	J 36
Stg	.Sea-tangle	J w
stk	.Sticky	J 34
Str	.Strait	
Str	.Stream	HI
str	.Streaky	J ak
sub	.Submarine	K d
Subm	.Submerged	K 43.1
SW	.Southwest	B 16
		101
sy	.Sticky	J 34
sy	Sticky	J 34
T	Short ton(s).	
T		B m
T	.Short ton(s)	B m E q
T	.Short ton(s)	B m E q B 63
T	Short ton(s). Telephone. TRUE	B m E q B 63 J n
T	Short ton(s). Telephone. TRUE . Tufa	B m E q B 63 J n B 53, F 53
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	.Short ton(s)TelephoneTRUE .Tufa .Ton(s), Tonnage (weight).	B m E q B 63 J n B 53, F 53 D 27
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Short ton(s). Telephone. TRUE .Tufa .Ton(s), Tonnage (weight)Telegraph	B m E q B 63 J n B 53, F 53 D 27 E k
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Short ton(s). Telephone. TRUE .Tufa .Ton(s), Tonnage (weight) .Telegraph .Telegraph office	B m E q B 63 J n B 53, F 53 D 27 E k P 54
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T Tel Tel	Short ton(s). Telephone. TRUE Tufa Ton(s), Tonnage (weight). Telegraph Telegraph office Temporary.	B m E q B 63 J n B 53, F 53 D 27 E k P 54 J aq
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Note: INT abbreviations are in bold type

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UTMUniversal Transverse Mercator	
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vard	J be
velVelocity	Hn
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VLCCVery Large Crude Carrier	G 187
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Vol Ash	J k
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Pylon	Rear light		Rotating-pattern radiobeacon	
Q	Reclamation area		Rotten	•
QTG service	Reclamation	F 31	Roundabout	,
Qualifying TermsJ30-39	Recommended		Route	
Quarantine	deep water track	-,	Routing Measures	
anchorage area N 12.8	direction of traffic flow M1	, , -	Rubble	
building, health office F 62.1	route		Ruin	D8, F 33.1
officeF e	track	M3-4, 6	Ruined	
Quarry	Recreation zone buoy	Q 62	landmark	D8
QuartzJg	Red	*	pier	F33.2
Quay F13	Reed beds	C 33	S	
Quick lightP10.6	Reef	J 22, K 16, g-h	Safe	
R	Reference to		clearance depth	K 3, 30, f
Races	adjoining chart	A 19	vertical clearance	
Racon	charted units	A b	water mark	Q 130.5
Radar	larger-scale chart	A 18	Safety	
beacon	Reflector, radar	Q 10-11, S 4	fairway	
conspicuous feature	Refuge		zone	L3
dome (radome)	beacon	Q 124	Sailing club	F 11.3
mast	for shipwrecked mariners	T14	Salt pans	
range	Regions, IALA	Q 130.1	Sand	J1
reference line	Relief	C10-14	Sandhills	
reflector	Reported		Sandwaves	
scanner	anchorage	N10	Sandy shore	
station	danger		Satellite Navigation Systems	
surveillance system	depth		Scale	
tower	Reporting, radio		Scanner, radar	
transponder beacon, racon	Rescue station		Schist	
transportuer beacon, racon	1163006 31811011		OU119t	J N

School	E f	Shoal sounding on rock	K b	ground buoy	Q56
Scoriae	J o	Shore, shoreline	C 1-8	Sponge	
Scrubbing grid	F24	Short-long flashing	Pb	Spot height	
Sea		Signal		Spring	
ice limit	N 60.2	fog	R	tide	H16, 30-31
mile (nautical mile)	A 15, B 45	stations	T 20-36	seabed	J15
Seabed, types of	J 1-15, a-bf	Silo	E33	Square	
Seal		Silt	J 4	meter	Ba
chart producer		Single		shaped beacon	QI
sanctuary	N22.2	Anchor Leg Mooring (SALM)	L12	Stake	K43.2, Q 90
Seaplane		Buoy Mooring (SBM)	L16	Station	
anchorage	N 14	Point Mooring (SPM)		Coast Guard	T10-11
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landing area, operating area	N13	Siren	R12	DGPS, providing corrections	
Seasonal		Sketches	E 3.1-3.2	QTG, providing radio service	
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Sea-tangle	J w	Small		railway	
Seawall		Small craft		rescue	
Seaward limit of		leisure facilities	U	signal	T20-36
contiguous zone	N44	mooring	Q 44	tide	
territorial sea		Snag		Statue	
Second		Soft		Statute mile	
of arc	B6	Sounding	I 10-16	Steep coast	
of time		doubtful depth		Steps	
Sector lights		out of position		Sticky	
See adjoining chart		unreliable		Stiff	
Semaphore		Source diagram		Stock number	
Semi-diurnal tide		South		Stones	
Separation		cardinal mark		area with	
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scheme		Southwest.		Storage tanker	
zone	, , -	Spar buoy		Storm signal station	
Services		Special		Straight territorial sea baseline	
Settlements		lights	P60-66	Streaky	
Sewer		marks		Stream	
Shading		purpose beacon		tidal signal station	, , -
Shapes of buoys	•	purpose buoy		tidal table	
Shark nets		Speckled		tide	- , -
Shed, transit		Speed limit		Street	
Sheerlegs		Spherical buoy		Street	
Shellfish bed		Spicules		Strip light	
Shells		Spindle buov		Stumps of piles/posts	
Shingle		Spire		Submarine	
Shingly shore		Spoil		cable	1 20 1 22
Shinto shrine.		ground	N 62 1 62 2	cable area	
Ormito Stillie		ground	IN UZ.1-UZ.Z	capie alea	L30.2

exercise areaN33	Telegraphic mooring buoy	Q 43	Track	D12, M 1-6, 27
pipeline	Telephone	E q	Traffic	
power cable	line	D 27	separation scheme (TSS)	M 10-15, 20-26.2
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production well L20	light	P54	facilities	F 50-53.3
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well (buoyed) La	Terms relating to tidal levels	H1-17, a-k	lane (submarine)	
wreck K 22-23	Territorial sea	N 42-43	line	
Subsidiary light	Tidal		shed	F51
Subsurface Ocean Data Acquisition System (ODAS) L25	basin	F28	Transmission line	
Sunken	harbor	F28	Transmitter, AIS	,
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wreckKc	stream	, -	Transporter	
Superbuoy	signal station	T34	bridge	D24
Supply pipeline L 40.1-40.2	station		overhead (aerial cableway)	
Surveyed	table		Trap, fish	
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Suspended well	table		height of top	C 1/
Swamp C33	Tide		types of	
Swept	gauge	T32 1-32 2	Triangular shaped beacon	
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channell a	rips	,	Trot, mooring	
wire drag, by	scale		True	
Swing bridge	signal station		True (compass)	
Swing bridge	Timber yard		Tufa	
Symbolized positions	Time	гэz	Tun buoy	
Synchronized light	signal station	T24	Tunnel	
T Poo	units of			
Tonkor	Tomb		pipeline	
Tanker			•	
anchorage area	Ton, tonnage, tonne (weight)		area	K45
CALM	Topmark		Turbine	E 00.4 E.4
storage, moored	Tower		wind	- , -
Target buoyQ 51	beacon	,	underwater	L24
Tank	church		Two-way	140=0 00 4 ===
Target	radar		route	•
Telegraph	radio		track	, -
line	television	E 29	Tyfon	R13
station T 27	water	F 21		

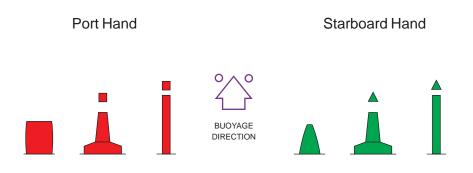
Types of
fog signals R10-16
seabed, intertidal areas
U
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Uncovers
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Viaduct D f
Views
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Voodland
coniferous
deciduous
Voods, wooded
Vorks
at sea, (reclamation area)
on land

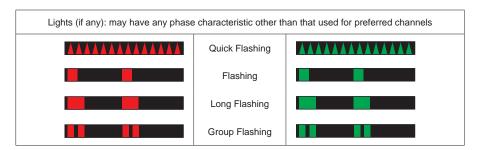
under construction, works in progress	\$50 K 20-30, c
emergency wreck marking buoymast	
(
Yacht berths without facilities club Yard timber Yellow	F 11.3 B d F 52
Zone Exclusive Economic (EEZ) fishing inshore traffic seaward, contiguous. separation. M 13	N 45 . M 25.1-25.2 N 44
coparation in the	,,,

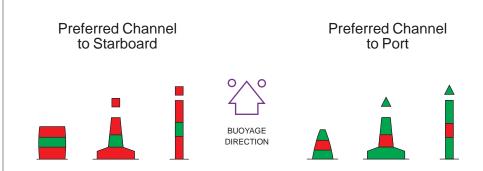
Appendix 1 IALA Maritime Buoyage System

Region A Lateral Marks

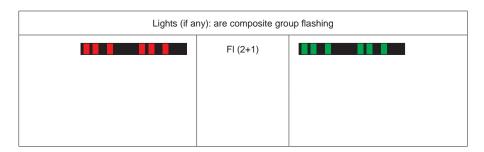


red	Color	green
cylindrical (can), pillar, spar	Buoy	conical (nun), pillar, spar
single red cylinder (can)	Topmark (if any)	single green cone, point upward





red with one green horizontal band	Color	green with one red horizontal band
cylindrical (can), pillar, spar	Buoy	conical (nun), pillar, spar
single red cylinder (can)	Topmark (if any)	single green cone, point upward



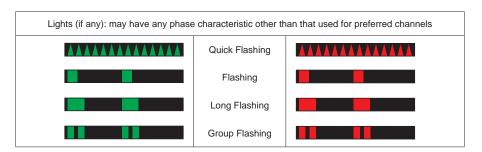
Appendix 1

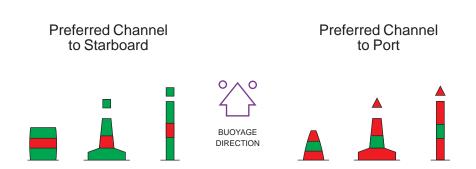
IALA Maritime Buoyage System

Region B Lateral Marks

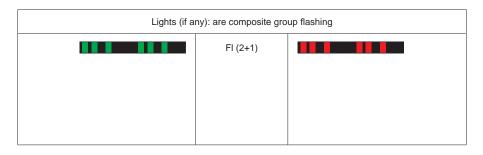


green	Color	red
cylindrical (can), pillar, spar	Buoy	conical (nun), pillar, spar
single green cylinder (can)	Topmark (if any)	single red cone, point upward





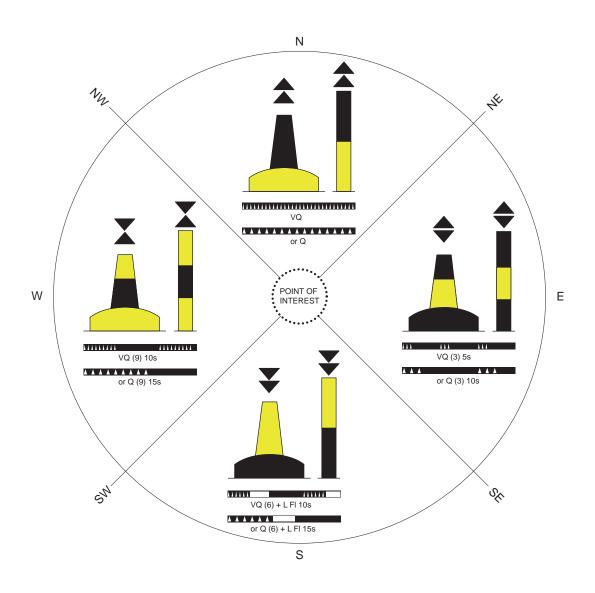
green with one red horizontal band	Color	red with one green horizontal band
cylindrical (can), pillar, spar	Buoy	conical (nun), pillar, spar
single green cylinder (can)	Topmark (if any)	single red cone, point upward



Appendix 1 IALA Maritime Buoyage System

Cardinal Marks in Regions A and B

Lights, when fitted, are white.



IALA Maritime Buoyage System

Appendix 1

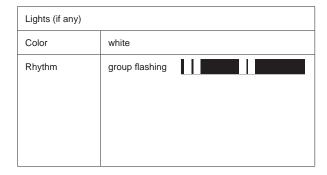
Regions A and B

Isolated Danger Marks



•

Color	black with one or more red horizontal band(s)
Buoy	optional, but not conflicting with lateral marks; pillar or spar preferred
Topmark (if any)	always fitted with double spheres



Safe Water Marks







Color	red and white vertical stripes
Buoy	spherical, pillar or spar
Topmark (if any)	single red sphere

Lights (if any)	Lights (if any)				
Color	white				
Rhythm	Iso				
	Oc				
	L FI 10s				
	Morse "A"				

Special Marks





Color	yellow
Buoy	optional, but not conflicting with lateral marks
Topmark (if any)	single yellow "X" shape

Lights (if any)				
Color	yellow			
Rhythm	FIY			
	FI (4) Y			
	May have any rhythm other than those used for white lights on cardinal, isolated danger or safe water marks.			

Record of Corrections

Notice No.	Corrected on	Corrected by	Notice No.	Corrected on	Corrected by	Notice No.	Corrected on	Corrected by

Section Key

A 103 9mm) INT 500	Chart Number, Title and Marginal Notes	INT 500 Mercator Projection 412 Mercator Projection 7th Ed., Mar. 5/09 DEPTHS IN METERS
B *	Positions, Distances, Directions and Compass	o T O A Magnetic Variation LOCAL MAGNETIC ANOMALY (see note)
C※淡	Natural Features	Marsh 49 1,123
D 20.0	Cultural Features	Tel 12 Ru +1
E Î	Landmarks	⊙TANK []
F	Ports	
H 3.0 km 2.5 km	Tides and Currents	2.5 kn (see Note)
97 97	Depths	30 FEET
J & T	Nature of the Seabed	Gravel Gravel
K * *	Rocks, Wrecks and Obstructions	6 Wk √ 35 Rk 7 T 7 Obstn
L!	Offshore Installations	Prod Well Pipe Crib Well Well Well
M	Tracks and Routes	-DW - ← →
N 1	Areas and Limits	The second secon
P \ \	Lights	(89) (R Lts) FI.G 270° FI.G 270° FI.G 270° FI.G
Q PR	Buoys and Beacons	
R	Fog Signals	BELL
S © Ra	Radar, Radio and Satellite Navigation Systems	© Racon → AIS CONSOL Bn 190 kHz MMF = RD 269.5°
T • •	Services	
U	Small Craft (Leisure) Facilities	